

Indiana Collegiate Action Network

Results of the
**Indiana College
Substance Use Survey
2014**



Results of the Indiana College Substance Use Survey 2014

by

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INTRODUCTION

Substance use by college students has long been recognized as a serious problem on our nation's campuses, with alcohol being the most widely used substance. In 1998, the National Institute on Alcohol Abuse and Alcoholism undertook a comprehensive assessment of drinking on college campuses, concluding that social and environmental influences present on most campuses have created a culture of drinking, where alcohol consumption has become a rite of passage. Drinking to excess (binge drinking) is widespread among college students, and has serious consequences (NIAAA, 2002). Rates of alcohol and drug use have remained relatively steady over the past decade, with approximately two-thirds of college students nationwide using alcohol in the past month, approximately two-fifths engaging in binge drinking in the past two weeks, and approximately one-fifth using illicit drugs in the past month (Johnston, O'Malley, Bachman, Schulenberg, & Miech, 2014).

In 2006, the Indiana Collegiate Action Network (ICAN) provided funding for the first uniform assessment of substance use across institutions of higher education in Indiana, using the Core Alcohol and Drug Survey (Core Institute, Southern Illinois University - Carbondale). Beginning in 2008, the Indiana Division of Mental Health and Addiction (DMHA) has awarded funding to ICAN to continue the statewide collection and analysis of data on the prevalence of substance use by Indiana college students. ICAN, in conjunction with the Indiana Prevention Resource Center (IPRC) developed a new survey instrument in 2009, called the Indiana College Substance Use Survey, to collect information on items of interest to Indiana colleges.

This report summarizes the findings of the sixth annual Indiana College Substance Use Survey that was conducted by the Indiana Prevention Resource Center in the spring of 2014. Findings on the prevalence of alcohol, tobacco and other drug use, consequences of use, alcohol availability, and student perceptions of peer behaviors are presented. The findings have been analyzed across gender and age variables. National prevalence data from the Monitoring the Future Study have been included to facilitate comparison between the participating Indiana college students and the national rates, where available.

Results from previous years are not presented in this report because the participating schools vary from year to year. The small number of schools participating in the survey and the absence of a random sampling technique make it unsuitable to generalize the findings to Indiana college students overall. Therefore, the data should not be compared to identify any trends in behaviors over time. The following table provides some demographic data of the survey

participants each year. The previous years' reports can be found at www.drugs.indiana.edu/data-survey_icsus.html.

Table 1. Select Demographic Characteristics of Survey Respondents, 2009 - 2014
(Values are percentages)

	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014
Gender						
Male	42.9	36.8	36.2	36.9	36.1	37.3
Female	57.1	63.2	63.8	63.1	63.9	62.7
Age						
Under 21	53.4	46.1	46.4	53.9	53.2	56.5
21 or older	46.6	53.8	53.6	46.1	46.8	43.5
Race						
White	86.9	87.9	86.4	84.4	84.1	86.1
Black/African American	2.3	3.7	3.9	3.4	4.3	5.3
Asian	3.7	2.6	4.3	7.2	5.7	2.8
Other	6.4	5.2	4.8	4.3	5.4	5.2
Ethnicity						
Hispanic	5.5	3.2	3.1	3.7	3.8	4.9
Student status						
Full-time	95.6	89.5	92.0	97.0	93.4	95.7
Location of residence						
On-campus	61.9	50.3	45.1	54.8	50.9	57.0
# of usable surveys	4,885	5,928	5,304	6,968	6,112	4,711

METHODOLOGY

The Indiana College Substance Use Survey was developed in 2009 by the Indiana Collegiate Action Network (ICAN) and the Indiana Prevention Resource Center (IPRC), with input from Indiana institutions of higher education and the Indiana State Epidemiology and Outcomes Workgroup. The survey was developed to assess substance use and consequences, as well as variables associated with use (availability, peer attitudes and norms, and age of first use). Survey items were borrowed or adapted from several sources, including the Core Alcohol and Drug Survey (Core Institute, Southern Illinois University - Carbondale), the National College Health Assessment II (American College Health Association), and the Monitoring the Future Survey (Institute for Social Research, University of Michigan). Two questions on mental health were added in 2012. A question on the number of mentally unhealthy days experienced by the respondent was taken from the Centers for Disease Control and Prevention's (CDC) Behavioral Risk Factor Surveillance System, and a question on suicidal or self-injurious ideation was modified from the Patient Health Questionnaire (Spitzer, Kroenke, & Williams, 1999). A question on military service and one on sexual identity were also added in 2012. The survey includes three questions on gambling behavior to assess the level and location of gambling among college students and negative consequences experienced by the students. The questions were taken from the Minnesota Student Survey (Stinchfield, Kushner, & Winters, 2005; Winters & Anderson, 2000), and used with the permission of the Minnesota Department of Education.

The survey is intended to provide meaningful data at both the campus and state levels, to understand substance use problems and develop effective plans for reducing substance use by college students. Each participating school receives a report of their results. The online survey instrument can be accessed at www.drugs.indiana.edu/collegesurvey/sample/. Questions on the survey instrument are included at the end of this report.

All two- and four-year colleges in Indiana were invited to participate in the survey. Twelve colleges participated in the 2014 survey, including seven public and five private schools. Participating schools could choose from either an online or paper format, with all schools but one using the online version. Students were surveyed over a two-week period, either before spring break or at least one month after spring break. The period immediately following spring break was avoided because of the historically higher rates of use during that time. Students received an e-mail invitation which included a link to the survey website, and a reminder e-mail midway through the survey period. Incentives were offered by some schools to improve participation rates (e.g., gift cards, athletic tickets, etc.).

Selection of students was determined by the participating school. Some schools chose to survey a random sample of their population, while others surveyed an entire population of the student body; e.g., all students, all undergraduate students, etc. Participation in the survey was voluntary and anonymous. A total of 49,120 students were invited to participate in the 2014 Indiana College Substance Use Survey, with 5,139 students responding, for a response rate of 10.5%. (The response rate was skewed by exceptionally low participation at one school, where only 0.3% of those invited to participate did so. Excluding this school, the response rate would have been 14.3%).

Table 2. Response Rate, 2014

Number of students invited to participate	Number of respondents	Response Rate
49,120	5,139	10.5%

Five criteria were used to clean the data. Surveys were discarded if any of the following conditions were met:

- missing gender information,
- missing age information,
- insufficient response (less than 20 items answered out of a total of 146 non-demographic items)
- pharmacologically-implausible patterns of responses (i.e., a combination of drugs and frequencies of use whose cumulative effect would be lethal),
- inconsistent responses on substance use items across time measures (monthly vs. annually) for more than one-third of the substances queried.

A total of 428 surveys were rejected due to meeting at least one of the criteria, leaving 4,711 usable surveys (91.6%).

Table 3. Number of Usable Questionnaires, 2014

	Frequency	Percent
No gender reported	417	8.1
Missing/Inconsistent age responses	8	0.2
Inconsistent/Implausibly high substance use responses	3	0.1
Total number of usable surveys	4,711	91.7
Total	5,139	100.0

KEY FINDINGS

PREVALENCE AND FREQUENCY OF SUBSTANCE USE

PAST-YEAR PREVALENCE OF USE

Almost eighty percent of the students who participated in the 2014 Indiana College Substance Use Survey (79.6%) reported drinking alcohol in the past year, including almost three-fourths of the students under 21 years of age (72.8%). Over one-fourth of the students reported smoking tobacco with a hookah (28.8%) or using marijuana (28.5%), and slightly less reported smoking cigarettes (25.2%) or cigars (23.9%). Marijuana was the most widely used illicit drug, followed by use of prescription medication not prescribed to the student (11.2%). Annual prevalence rates for all investigated substances are provided in Table 4.

Male students used most of the substances in the past year at significantly higher rates than female students. Over forty percent of the male students (42.5%) smoked cigars and one-third (33.6%) used marijuana. One-fourth of the female students (25.5%) reported using marijuana in the past year. Approximately one in seven of the male students reported taking prescription medications not prescribed to them (13.5%) compared to 9.8% of the female students.

Students 21 or older reported significantly higher rates of use in the past year for alcohol (88.4%) and cigarettes (30.4%). Among students who participated in the survey, those attending public institutions of higher education were more likely to report using substances than students attending private institutions. Over one-third of the students participating in the survey who attend public institutions (34.8%) reported using marijuana in the past year, compared to 19.9% of the students who attend private institutions. A similar difference in the rates of cigarette smoking in the past year was found, with 30.2% of the students who attend public institutions reporting cigarette use, compared to 18.3% of the students who attend private institutions.

Table 4. Percentage of Students Reporting Use of Select Substances in the Past Year, by Select Demographic Characteristics, 2014

Substance	All Students			Gender		Age		Type of Institution	
	Indiana	U.S. ^a		Males	Females	Under 21	21 or Over	Private	Public
Cigarettes	25.2	23.2		31.0	21.7	21.1	30.4	18.3	30.2
						***	***		***
Cigars	23.9	--		42.5	12.7	24.0	23.6	25.0	23.1

Chewing/smokeless tobacco	8.7	--		19.7	2.1	8.1	9.4	10.3	7.4
						***			***
Smoking tobacco with hookah/water pipe	28.8	26.1		34.6	25.4	29.6	27.9	27.1	30.1
						***			*
Alcohol	79.6	75.6		79.2	79.8	72.8	88.4	75.9	82.3
						***	***		***
Marijuana	28.5	35.5		33.6	25.5	28.7	28.2	19.9	34.8
						***			***
Cocaine	2.3	2.7		3.8	1.4	1.7	3.2	1.2	3.2
						***	**		***
Hallucinogens	5.6	4.5		8.5	3.8	5.0	6.3	2.9	7.5
						***	*		***
Heroin	0.3	0.3		0.5	0.2	0.3	0.4	0.4	0.3
Inhalants	0.7	0.5		0.8	0.7	0.9	0.6	0.6	0.8
Prescription medications not prescribed to student	11.2	--		13.5	9.8	10.6	11.9	8.0	13.5
						***			***
Medications prescribed to student, but misused	3.0	--		3.8	2.5	2.7	3.3	2.2	3.6
						*			**
Over-the-counter medications misused	1.4	--		1.9	1.1	1.6	1.1	1.2	1.5
						*			
Methamphetamine	0.5	0.4		0.7	0.4	0.3	0.7	0.4	0.6
Other illegal drugs	1.6	--		2.3	1.2	1.4	1.9	0.9	2.1
						**			**

^a National data are from the 2013 Monitoring the Future Survey, Johnston et al., 2014. "--" indicates no national data available.

* $p < .05$, ** $p < .01$, *** $p < .001$

PAST-MONTH PREVALENCE OF USE

Three-fifths of the surveyed students (60.4%) reported drinking alcohol in the past month, including over half of the underage students (51.7%). Fourteen percent of the surveyed students (14.1%) used marijuana in the past month, and 13.0% reported cigarette use. One in ten of the students (10.3%) reported smoking tobacco with a hookah in the past month. Following alcohol, tobacco and marijuana, misuse of prescription drugs was the next most widely used substance in the past month, with 3.8% taking prescription medication not prescribed to them (Table 5).

Male college students reported statistically higher rates of use within the past month for most substances investigated in the survey. Approximately one in six of the male students (17.9%) reported using marijuana in the past month compared to 11.8% of the female students. Male students used all forms of tobacco at significantly greater rates, with 16.3% smoking cigarettes, 14.1% smoking cigars, 13.9% using a water pipe, and 11.4% using smokeless tobacco. One in nine of the female students (11.0%) smoked cigarettes in the past month, and 8.1% smoked tobacco with a water pipe.

Students 21 or older reported higher rates of alcohol use (71.6%) and cigarette use (17.3%) in the past month, while younger students reported higher rates of smoking tobacco with a hookah (11.2%). As with annual substance use, students at public institutions of higher education were more likely to report use of substances in the past month. Over three-fifths of the students at public institutions (62.0%) drank alcohol in the past month, compared to 58.2% of the students at private institutions. Over twice as many students at public institutions reported using marijuana in the past month (18.1% vs. 8.5% of students at private institutions) and almost twice as many students at public institutions reported smoking cigarettes in the past month (16.3% vs. 8.5% of students at private institutions).

Table 5. Percentage of Students Reporting Use of Select Substances in the Past Month, by Select Demographic Characteristics, 2014

Substance	All Students			Gender		Age		Type of Institution	
	Indiana	U.S. ^a		Males	Females	Under 21	21 or Over	Private	Public
Cigarettes	13.0	14.0		16.3	11.0	9.7	17.3	8.5	16.3
					***		***		***
Cigars	7.5	--		14.1	3.6	7.9	7.0	8.2	7.0

Chewing/smokeless tobacco	4.8	--		11.4	0.9	4.7	5.0	6.1	3.9
					***				**
Smoking tobacco with hookah/water pipe	10.3	--		13.9	8.1	11.2	9.0	11.6	9.3
					***		*		*
Alcohol	60.4	63.1		60.7	60.2	51.7	71.6	58.2	62.0
							***		**
Marijuana	14.1	20.6		17.9	11.8	13.8	14.4	8.5	18.1
					***				***
Cocaine	0.7	0.9		1.1	0.5	0.6	0.9	0.6	0.8
					**				
Hallucinogens	1.2	1.0		1.9	0.8	1.1	1.4	0.7	1.7
					**				**
Heroin	0.1	0.2		0.2	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.2	0.1
Inhalants	0.1	0.1		0.1	0.2	0.2	0.1	0.2	0.1
Prescription medications not prescribed to student	3.8	--		4.7	3.4	3.6	4.2	2.3	5.0
					*				***
Medications prescribed to student, but misused	1.0	--		0.9	1.0	0.7	1.3	0.7	1.2
Over-the-counter medications misused	0.5	--		0.4	0.5	0.3	0.7	0.4	0.5
Methamphetamine	0.2	+		0.2	0.2	0.1	0.3	0.2	0.2
Other illegal drugs	0.2	--		0.3	0.2	0.2	0.3	0.2	0.3

^a National data are from the 2013 Monitoring the Future Survey, Johnston et al., 2014. “+” indicates a prevalence rate of less than 0.05%. “—” indicates no national data available.

* $p < .05$, ** $p < .01$, *** $p < .001$.

PREVALENCE OF BINGE DRINKING

Binge drinking was defined in the Indiana College Substance Use Survey as four or more drinks in one sitting for females and five or more drinks in one sitting for males. This gender-specific standard follows the definition established by the National Institute on Alcohol Abuse and Alcoholism (NIAAA, 2004). College students are more likely to drink alcohol and to binge drink than non-college peers (Johnston et al., 2014). Students who binge drink experience significantly more adverse consequences than those who do not. One study found that college students who binge drank occasionally were five times more likely to experience five or more alcohol-related problems compared to students who did not binge drink. Students who were frequent binge drinkers (binge drinking three or more times in the past two weeks) were 4 to 15 times more likely to experience a particular problem than non-binge drinkers (Wechsler, Lee, Kuo, & Lee, 2000).

The 2014 Indiana College Substance Use Survey included two questions on binge drinking: in the past month and in the past two weeks. Almost half of the students who participated in the 2014 survey (47.7%) reported binge drinking in the past month. Male students reported a higher prevalence rate than female students (54.2% vs. 43.9%, respectively), as did students 21 years or older (54.8% vs. 42.3% of underage students), and students at public institutions (49.9%, compared to 44.9% of students attending private institutions) (Table 6).

Approximately two-fifths of the surveyed students (39.0%) reported binge drinking in the past two weeks, with 46.2% of the male students reporting the behavior compared to 34.7% of the female students (Table 7). Over one-fourth of the students (26.4%) reported binge drinking once or twice in the past two weeks, while 12.6% reported doing so three or more times (Figure 1).

Table 6. Percentage of Students Reporting Binge Drinking in the Past Month, by Select Demographic Characteristics, 2014

All Students	Gender			Age			Type of Institution		
	Males	Females		Under 21	21 or Over		Private	Public	
47.7	54.2	43.9	***	42.3	54.8	***	44.9	49.9	**

Note. Binge drinking was defined as consuming 4 or more drinks in one sitting for females and 5 or more drinks in one sitting for males.

** $p < .01$, *** $p < .001$

Table 7. Percentage of Students Reporting Binge Drinking in the Past Two Weeks, by Select Demographic Characteristics, 2014

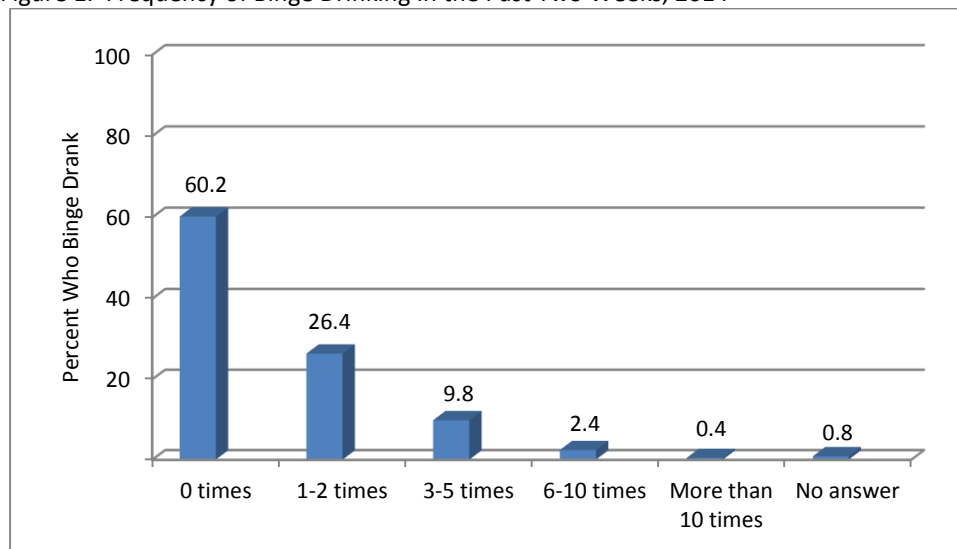
All Students		Gender			Age			Type of Institution		
Indiana	U.S. ^a	Males	Females		Under 21	21 or Over		Private	Public	
39.0	35.2	46.2	34.7	***	34.6	44.7	***	35.8	41.4	***

Note. Binge drinking was defined as consuming 4 or more drinks in one sitting for females and 5 or more drinks in one sitting for males.

^aNational data are from the 2013 Monitoring the Future Survey, Johnston et al., 2014. Binge drinking was defined as consuming 5 or more drinks in a row in the last 2 weeks.

*** $p < .001$

Figure 1. Frequency of Binge Drinking in the Past Two Weeks, 2014



PRESCRIPTION DRUG MISUSE

According to the Office of National Drug Control Policy, prescription drug abuse is the nation's fastest-growing drug problem (ONDCP, 2011). College students report higher rates of non-medical use of Adderall and Ritalin than their same-age peers not attending college (Johnston et al., 2014). Among the students participating in the Indiana College Substance Use Survey, Adderall was the most commonly misused prescription medication. Research indicates that the predominant motives reported by college students for misusing prescription stimulants (such as Adderall or Ritalin) are in order to study, improve their concentration, and to stay alert (Teter, McCabe, LaGrange, Cranford, & Boyd, 2006), although nonmedical use of prescription stimulants is associated with lower academic performance (Arria, O'Grady, Caldeira, Vincent, & Wish, 2008; Garnier-Dykstra, Caldeira, Vincent, O'Grady, & Arria, 2012). In a study of over 10,000 randomly selected college students from over 100 universities, students reporting past year nonmedical prescription stimulant use were ten times more likely to report marijuana use in the past year, almost seven times more likely to report frequent binge drinking, over 20 times more likely to report cocaine use in the past year, and over five times more likely to report driving after binge drinking than college students who had not used prescription stimulants non-medically (McCabe, Knight, Teter, & Wechsler, 2005).

Almost one in ten of the Indiana students participating in the survey (9.1%) reported misusing Adderall in the past six months. Male students and students at public institutions were more likely to misuse Adderall than their counterparts. Approximately one in eight male students (12.6%) reported misusing Adderall in the past six months, and approximately one in ten students attending public institutions (10.5%) did so. Xanax and Vicodin were the next most commonly misused medications, with 2.9% and 2.7% of the students misusing them in the past six months, respectively. Male students misused most of the prescription medications at significantly higher rates than female students (Table 8).

Table 8. Percentage of Students Reporting Prescription Drug Misuse in the Past Six Months, by Select Demographic Characteristics, 2014

Substance	All Students	Gender			Age		Type of Institution		
		Males	Females		Under 21	21 or Over	Private	Public	
Adderall	9.1	12.6	6.9	***	8.8	9.4	7.1	10.5	***
Ritalin	1.2	1.6	0.9	*	1.1	1.3	1.2	1.2	
Xanax	2.9	3.5	2.5		2.4	3.5	1.5	3.9	***
Codeine	2.2	3.5	1.5	***	2.3	2.2	1.3	2.9	***
Vicodin	2.7	3.6	2.2	**	2.4	3.0	2.4	2.9	
Lortab	1.3	1.3	1.3		0.9	1.8	0.3	2.0	***
Percocet	1.1	1.3	1.0		1.1	1.1	0.8	1.3	
Oxycontin	1.0	1.4	0.7	*	1.0	0.9	0.8	1.1	
Morphine	0.4	0.7	0.3		0.3	0.6	0.3	0.6	
Methadone	0.2	0.2	0.2		0.2	0.3	0.3	0.2	
Steroids	0.4	0.6	0.2	*	0.3	0.5	0.6	0.3	

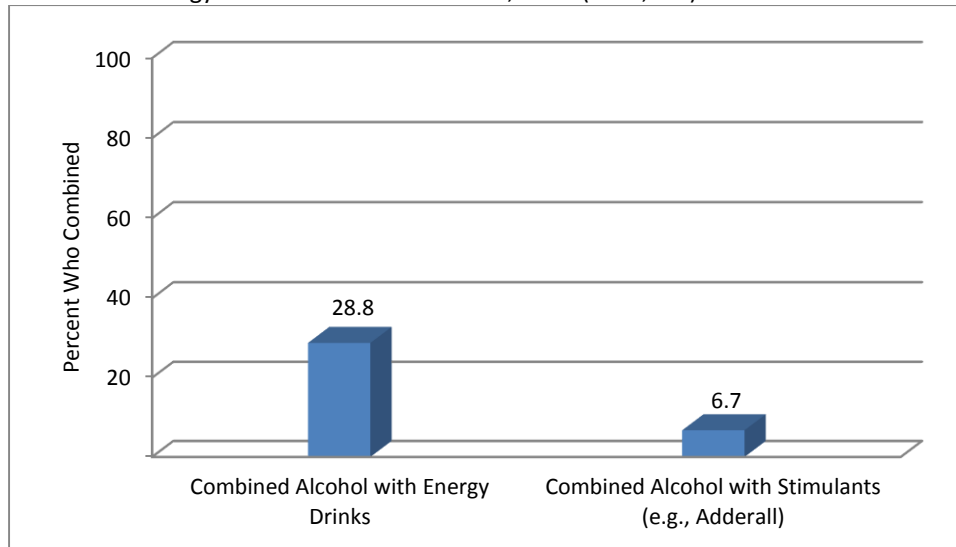
* $p < .05$, ** $p < .01$, *** $p < .001$

COMBINING ALCOHOL WITH ENERGY DRINKS OR OTHER STIMULANTS

College students often cite the desire to counteract the sedative effects of alcohol as a reason for combining it with energy drinks. These students intentionally choose to combine the two in order to be able to drink more alcohol (Marczinski, 2011). Students who mix alcohol and energy drinks consume more alcohol, and experience higher rates of alcohol-related consequences. These include higher prevalence of being taken advantage of sexually, taking advantage of another student sexually, riding in an automobile with a driver under the influence of alcohol, being hurt or injured, and requiring medical treatment (O'Brien, McCoy, Rhodes, Wagoner, & Wolfson, 2008).

Over one-fourth of the students participating in the Indiana survey who drank alcohol in the past six months (28.8%) reported combining it with energy drinks, and 6.7% combined it with other stimulants, such as Adderall (Figure 2).

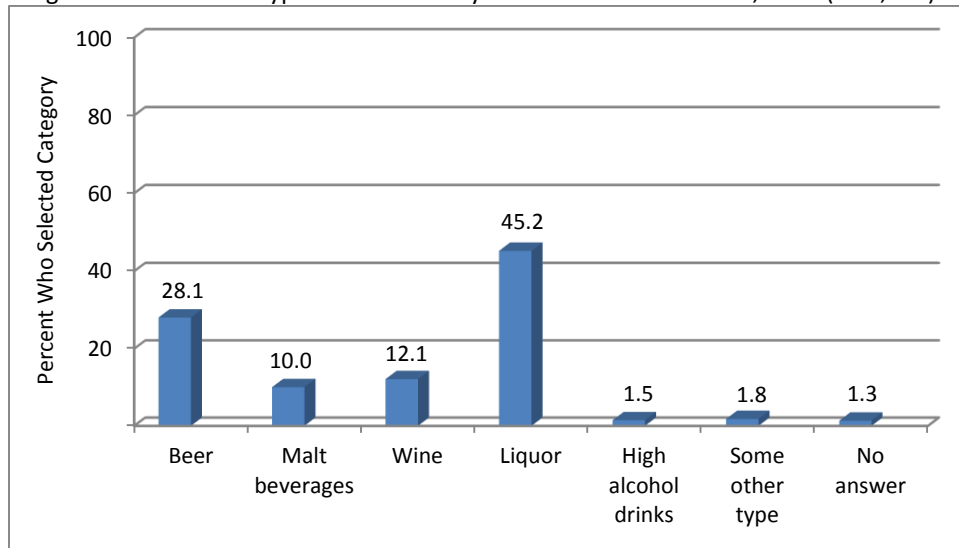
Figure 2. Percentage of Students Who Drank Alcohol in Past Six Months, Who Combined Alcohol with Energy Drinks or Other Stimulants, 2014 (n = 3,652)



USUAL TYPE OF ALCOHOL

Almost half of the students who drank alcohol in the past six months (45.2%) indicated that liquor was the most common type of alcohol they consumed. Twenty-eight percent of the students (28.1%) indicated that beer was the usual type of alcohol they consumed (Figure 3).

Figure 3. Percentage of Students Who Drank Alcohol in Past Six Months, Who Reported Select Categories as the Usual Type of Alcohol They Drank in the Past Month, 2014 (n =3,652)



REASONS FOR ALCOHOL USE

Over four-fifths of the students who drank alcohol in the past six months (84.8%) reported doing so in order “to have a good time with my friends”. Over sixty percent of the students (61.4%) reported drinking alcohol “to relax or relieve tension”, and over half (56.5%) did so “because it tastes good” (Table 9).

Male students were more likely to indicate drinking alcohol for most of the reasons investigated. Half of the male students (49.4%) reported drinking alcohol “to feel good or get high” compared to 38.4% of female students. Over one-quarter of the male students (26.7%) drank alcohol because of “boredom, nothing else to do” compared to 18.6% of the female students.

Students under 21 years old were more likely to report drinking alcohol “to feel good or get high” (45.0%), while students 21 or older reported higher rates of drinking alcohol “to relax or relieve tension” (67.5%), and “because it tastes good” (65.6%).

Students at public institutions reported higher rates of drinking alcohol for most of the reasons investigated. Almost half of the students at public institutions who drink alcohol (46.0%) reported drinking “to feel good or get high”, compared to 37.3% of the students at private institutions who drink. Students attending private institutions reported drinking “to experiment” more frequently than those attending public institutions.

Table 9. Percentage of Students Who Drank Alcohol in Past Six Months, Who Indicated Select Reasons for Drinking Alcohol, by Select Demographic Characteristics, 2014 (n = 3,652)

Substance	All Students	Gender		Age		Type of Institution	
		Males	Females	Under 21	21 or Over	Private	Public
To experiment	21.6	20.7	22.1	27.1	15.8 ***	23.9	20.0 **
Because I am "hooked"	2.4	2.9	2.1	2.2	2.7	1.8	2.8
To relax or relieve tension	61.4	63.7	60.1 *	55.6	67.5 ***	58.3	63.6 **
To feel good or get high	42.5	49.4	38.4 ***	45.0	39.9 **	37.3	46.0 ***
To seek deeper insights and understanding	6.4	10.1	4.2 ***	6.7	6.1	5.9	6.7
To have a good time with my friends	84.8	87.8	83.0 ***	84.7	84.9	83.9	85.4
To fit in with a group I like	10.3	12.1	9.2 **	12.0	8.6 **	9.1	11.1 *
Boredom, nothing else to do	21.6	26.7	18.6 ***	23.2	20.0 *	20.7	22.2
Because of anger or frustration	15.8	14.7	16.5	14.8	16.9	14.1	17.0 *
To get through the day	4.5	5.7	3.8 **	4.4	4.5	3.9	4.8
To increase the effects of other drugs	3.6	5.7	2.4 ***	3.2	4.0	2.7	4.2 *
To decrease the effects of other drugs	1.1	1.9	0.6 ***	1.2	0.9	0.9	1.2
To get to sleep	8.9	11.0	7.7 **	7.3	10.7 ***	6.9	10.3 **
Because it tastes good	56.5	56.9	56.3	47.9	65.6 ***	55.7	57.0
To get away from my problems	14.6	15.3	14.2	15.4	13.7	12.8	15.8 *

* $p < .05$, ** $p < .01$, *** $p < .001$

CONSEQUENCES OF SUBSTANCE USE

Consequences resulting from alcohol use include violence, unintentional injuries, risky sexual behavior, diminished academic performance, and use of other drugs. Many times the negative consequences from college students' alcohol use affect not only the individuals consuming the alcohol but those around them as well (NIAAA, 2004/2005; Weschler & Nelson, 2008). Researchers estimated that alcohol-related problems experienced by 18-24 year old U.S. college students in 2005 included 1,825 student deaths from alcohol-related injuries and approximately 599,000 unintentional injuries while under the influence of alcohol. The researchers estimated the level of violence associated with alcohol use by college students to be approximately 696,000 students assaulted by other students who had been drinking, including 97,000 sexual assaults (Hingson, Zha, & Weitzman, 2009).

The Indiana College Substance Use Survey asked students to indicate the number of times they experienced select consequences due to their drinking or drug use. Three in five of the students who drank alcohol within the past six months (59.8%) reported having had a hangover, and over one-fourth (26.2%) reported blacking out (forgetting where they were or what they did). One in seven of the students (14.5%) reported missing class or an assignment as a result of their drinking, and 12.6% had driven a car while under the influence (Table 10).

One-third of the students who used drugs in the past six months (33.8%) reported driving a car while under the influence, and a similar number (33.2%) reported abusing more than one drug at a time. Fifteen percent of the students who used drugs in the past six months (15.2%) missed class or an assignment due to their drug use, and 13.0% reported having blackouts or flashbacks (Table 11).

Table 10. Percentage of Students Who Drank Alcohol in the Past Six Months, Who Reported Select Consequences as a Result of Their Drinking, 2014 (n = 3,652)

Consequence	%
Friends or family members worried or complained about your drinking	12.7
Had a hangover	59.8
Felt bad or guilty about your drinking	26.3
Been unable to stop drinking when you wanted to	7.9
Created problems between you and your friends or family members	11.8
Gotten into trouble at work or school because of drinking	4.6
Gone to anyone for help to reduce your drinking	1.9
Been hurt or injured because of your drinking	10.0
Been ticketed or arrested because of your drinking	2.6
Been arrested for drunk driving	0.4
Driven a car while under the influence	12.6
Gotten into physical fights when drinking	4.1
Experienced unwanted sexual attention such as being touched when you don't want to be, forced kissing, etc.	9.6
Engaged in risky sexual behavior such as having unprotected sex or sex with someone you just met because you were drinking	12.8
Missed class or an assignment	14.5
Forgot where you were or what you did (blacked out)	26.2

Table 11. Percentage of Students Who Used Drugs in the Past Six Months, Who Reported Select Consequences as a Result of Their Drug Use, 2014 (n = 837)

Consequence	%
Abused more than one drug at a time	33.2
Been unable to stop using drugs when you wanted to	8.7
Had blackouts or flashbacks as a result of drug use	13.0
Felt bad or guilty about your drug use	29.6
Had friends or family members worry or complain about your drug use	16.0
Created problems between you and your friends or family members	10.5
Engaged in illegal activities in order to obtain drugs	12.8
Gotten into physical fights because you were using drugs	1.7
Experienced withdrawal symptoms (felt sick) when you stopped taking drugs	5.5
Had medical problems as a result of your drug use (e.g., memory loss, infections, convulsions, bleeding)	4.3
Driven a car while under the influence of drugs	33.8
Gotten in trouble at work or school because of your drug use	3.3
Been in vulnerable situations (e.g., could have been hurt and/or date raped when using drugs)	6.1
Engaged in risky sexual behavior such as having unprotected sex or sex with someone you just met because you were using drugs	10.2
Failed a class because of drug use	3.1
Missed class or an assignment due to drug use	15.2

RISK FACTORS

AGE OF FIRST USE

Early onset of substance use is correlated with a range of substance-related problems, including involvement in motor vehicle crashes, unintentional injuries, and alcohol and/or drug dependence (Behrendt, Wittchen, Hofler, Lieb, & Beesdo, 2009; Hingson & Wenxing, 2009). The Indiana College Substance Use Survey asked students how old they were when they first used select substances. Responses consisted of two-year intervals for ages 10 through 17 (i.e., 10-11 years, 12-13 years, etc.), a three-year interval for students aged 18 through 20, a four-year interval for ages 21 through 25, and open-ended ranges for extreme responses (“under 10” or “26+”). The mean age of first use was calculated using the midpoints of the intervals and the upper and lower endpoints for the extreme responses.

The mean age of first time use of inhalants was the lowest of all substances investigated, at 15.9 years, followed by over-the-counter medication misuse (16.6 years) and cigarette use (16.8 years). The average age of initiation of alcohol use was 17.2 years, followed closely by marijuana use, at 17.3 years. There were no statistically significant differences in average age of first use between genders. Students at public institutions first used cigarettes and alcohol at younger average ages than students at private institutions (Table 12).

Table 12. Average Age of First Time Use of Select Substances, by Select Demographic Characteristics, 2014

Substance	All Students	Gender		Type of Institution		
		Males	Females	Private	Public	
Cigarettes	16.8	17.0	16.8	17.2	16.7	**
Cigars	17.8	17.7	17.8	17.8	17.7	
Chewing/smokeless tobacco	17.2	17.1	17.5	17.2	17.2	
Smoking tobacco with hookah/water pipe	18.2	18.1	18.3	18.3	18.2	
Alcohol	17.2	17.2	17.2	17.5	17.0	***
Marijuana	17.3	17.3	17.3	17.3	17.3	
Cocaine	18.7	18.8	18.6	18.0	18.8	
Hallucinogens	18.6	18.7	18.4	18.5	18.6	
Heroin	18.1	18.4	17.5	16.9	18.8	
Inhalants	15.9	16.1	15.7	15.4	16.0	
Prescription medications not prescribed to student	17.8	18.1	17.7	18.0	17.8	
Medications prescribed to student, but misused	17.7	17.9	17.5	17.8	17.6	
Over-the-counter medications misused	16.6	17.0	16.3	16.5	16.6	
Methamphetamine	18.3	18.2	18.3	16.3	18.8	
Other illegal drugs	17.5	17.9	17.1	16.4	17.8	

Note. Average age of first use is based on students who reported ever having used the substance. Average age was calculated using the mid-points of the age ranges provided, and the upper and lower endpoints for the extreme responses.

** $p < .01$, *** $p < .001$

ALCOHOL AVAILABILITY

College students' access to alcohol is correlated with increased levels of drinking (Wechsler, Kuo, Lee, & Dowdall, 2000). College students under 21 routinely report that alcohol is easy to obtain from a variety of sources (Brown, Matousek, & Radue, 2009; Fabian, Toomey, Lenk, & Erickson, 2008). To help understand how underage college students obtain alcohol, the Indiana survey asked underage students who drink alcohol to identify the three easiest ways they obtain it. Sixty percent of the students (60.9%) reported that older friends were the easiest way to get alcohol, and over three-fourths of the students (76.2%) listed older friends as one of the top two ways. "Off-campus private parties" was the most common response for both the second and third easiest method for obtaining alcohol. Half of the survey respondents (50.1%) selected off-campus private parties as one of the top three easiest ways to access alcohol (Table 13). These data highlight the substantial role that older friends and acquaintances play in how underage students obtain alcohol, and underscore the importance of targeting this group when trying to reduce underage students' access to alcohol.

Students under 21 who drank alcohol were asked if they had purchased alcohol from a retailer in the past six months, with 9.2% reporting that they had (Figure 4). Of those students, half (49.2%) reported that purchasing it without being asked for ID was the most common method they used for buying it. Approximately one-quarter of the students who had purchased alcohol from a retailer (26.8%) said that using a fake ID was the most common method they used, while 20.7% indicated that using someone else's ID was the most common method (Figure 5).

Figure 6 shows the locations underage students listed as the easiest place to purchase alcohol, with bars being selected most often (34.1%), followed by restaurants (22.3%).

Table 13. Three Easiest Ways of Getting Alcohol as Reported by Students Who Are Under 21 and Who Drink Alcohol, 2014 (n = 1,947)

	Most common response	2 nd most common response	3 rd most common response
First Easiest	Older friends (60.9%)	Off-campus private parties (7.7%)	Fraternity or sorority houses (7.2%)
Second Easiest	Off-campus private parties (24.4%)	Older friends (15.4%)	Older siblings (13.0%)
Third Easiest	Off-campus private parties (18.0%)	Someone else on campus (16.8%)	Fraternity or sorority houses (11.7%)

Note. Underage students who reported alcohol use in the past month or in the past year are included. Students were asked to identify the first, second, and third easiest ways that they obtain alcohol. The top three responses in each category are reported in the table.

Figure 4. Percentage of Students Under 21 Who Drink Alcohol, Who Reported Purchasing Alcohol from a Retailer in the Past Six Months, 2014 (n = 1,947)

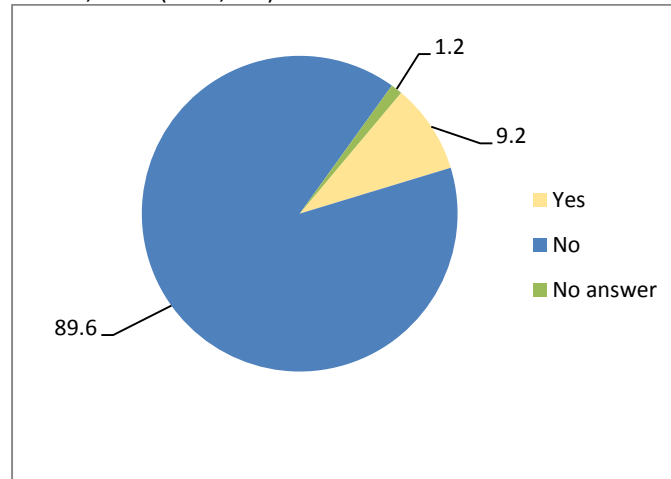


Figure 5. Percentage of Students Under 21 Who Have Purchased Alcohol from a Retailer, Who Reported Select Methods as the Most Common for Purchasing Alcohol, 2014 (n = 179)

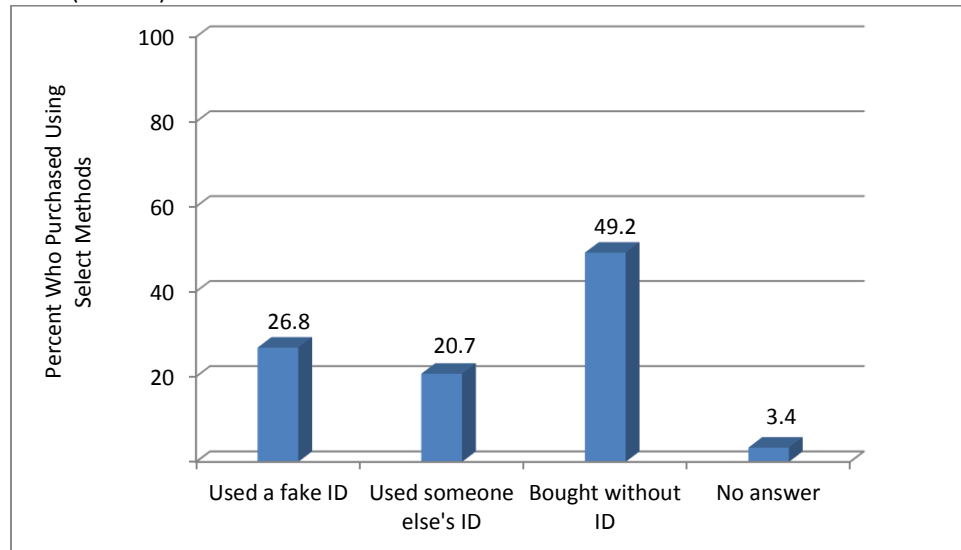


Figure 6. Percentage of Students Under 21 Who Reported Purchasing Alcohol from Retailers, Easiest Place to Purchase Alcohol, 2014 (n = 179)



PERCEPTIONS OF PEER BEHAVIORS AND BELIEFS

Many college students overestimate both the amount of drinking and drug use, and the approval of use by their peers (Borsari & Carey, 2003; Martens et al., 2006). These misperceptions have been shown to be positively correlated with the student's own drinking and drug use levels. Students who believe their peers drink or use drugs are more likely to drink or use drugs themselves (Kilmer et al., 2006; Neighbors, Lee, Lewis, Fossos, & Larimer, 2007; Perkins, Haines, & Rice, 2005). The Indiana College Substance Use Survey asked students how many alcoholic drinks they thought the typical student at their school had the last time he or she partied/socialized. Students could provide any figure between 0 – 30. The average of the responses was 5.9 drinks. Male students estimated a significantly higher number of drinks on average than female students (Table 14). Two-thirds of the students (65.4%) believed the typical student drank five or more alcoholic drinks the last time he or she partied/socialized, which is above the threshold for binge drinking (Figure 7).

The survey also asked participants how they thought other students on their campus felt about using certain substances. Only 15.6% of the students thought their peers would disapprove (somewhat or strongly) of trying marijuana once or twice, and less than one-fourth (22.6%) thought their peers would disapprove of smoking it occasionally. Less than half of the students (42.1%) thought their peers would disapprove of smoking marijuana regularly. Slightly more than two-fifths of the students (43.2%) thought their peers would disapprove of having five or more drinks in one sitting, and approximately one-third (34.4%) thought their peers would disapprove of taking one or two drinks nearly every day (Table 15).

Table 14. Mean Number of Drinks Respondents Thought the Typical Student Consumed the Last Time He/She "Partied/Socialized", by Select Demographic Characteristics, 2014 (range = 0 – 30)

	All Students	Gender			Age		Type of Institution	
		Males	Females		Under 21	21 or Over	Private	Public
Mean	5.9	6.2	5.7	***	5.8	6.0	5.9	5.9
Standard Deviation	3.4	3.6	3.3		3.6	3.2	3.6	3.3

*** $p < .001$

Figure 7. Percentage of Students Who Indicated Select Number of Drinks Consumed by the Typical Student the Last Time He/She “Partied/Socialized”, 2014 (range = 0 – 30)

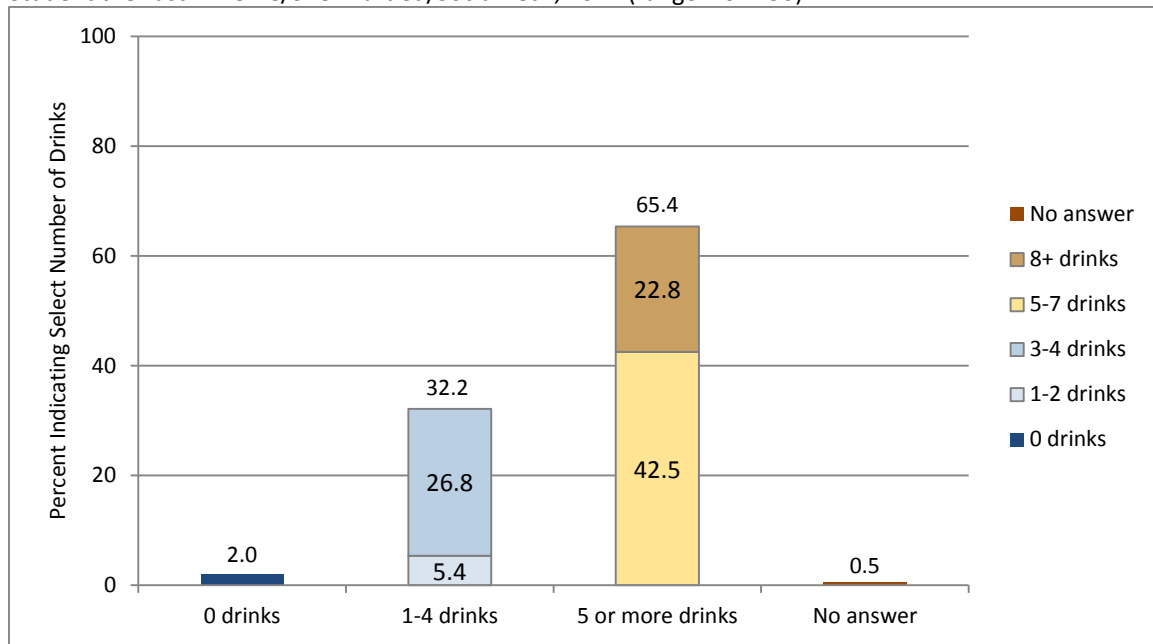


Table 15. Percentage of Students Who Thought Other Students on Campus Would Approve or Disapprove of Select Behaviors, 2014

	Strongly approve	Somewhat approve	Neither approve or disapprove	Somewhat disapprove	Strongly disapprove	No answer
Trying marijuana once or twice	19.9	37.9	26.1	7.6	8.0	0.6
Smoking marijuana occasionally	12.7	35.6	28.4	12.8	9.8	0.6
Smoking marijuana regularly	7.4	19.9	29.6	23.6	18.4	1.0
Trying cocaine once or twice	1.4	6.5	17.7	30.5	42.9	1.0
Taking cocaine regularly	0.9	2.0	11.7	16.4	67.9	1.1
Trying amphetamines (e.g., Adderall, Ritalin) once or twice	8.7	21.7	27.3	16.3	25.3	0.7
Taking amphetamines regularly	3.6	9.6	22.4	22.2	40.8	1.4
Having one or two alcoholic drinks nearly every day	10.9	24.4	29.7	20.7	13.7	0.6
Having three or four alcoholic drinks nearly every day	5.3	13.0	23.8	26.3	30.8	0.8
Having five or more alcoholic drinks in one sitting	9.5	19.1	27.2	18.4	24.9	1.0
Taking steroids for body building or improved athletic performance	2.1	7.9	24.7	25.4	39.1	0.8

MENTAL HEALTH

Mental health problems are widespread among college students, and most college counseling professionals believe that the number of students with significant mental health needs is increasing (Substance Abuse and Mental Health Services Administration [SAMHSA], 2007b). Several aspects of college life can contribute to emotional distress experienced during this period, including transitioning from high school to college, exposure to new social situations, and heightened academic performance expectations. Mental health problems that increase during this age period include depression, anxiety, suicidal ideation, and delinquent behaviors (Brown et al., 2008). According to the Suicide Prevention Resource Center, one-fifth of college students experience a mental illness, and an increasing number of students are receiving mental health services before starting their college careers (Suicide Prevention Resource Center, 2004). Self-report surveys reveal that over half of college students have experienced feelings of depression or hopelessness, 10% have considered suicide, and 1% has attempted it. Over 1,000 college students die by suicide each year (SAMHSA, 2007b). Depression and anxiety increase the risk for alcohol involvement and related problems. There is some evidence to suggest this linkage may be bidirectional; intensive and protracted substance use may be a factor in the development of depression and anxiety (Brown et al., 2007; Moritsugu & Li, 2008; SAMHSA, 2007a).

Two questions to assess mental health status were asked on the Indiana College Substance Use Survey. Students were asked on how many days in the past month their mental health was not good, including experiencing stress, depression, or problems with emotions. The average response was 5.7 days. Female students reported more mentally unhealthy days (average of 6.6 days compared to an average of 4.1 days for male students), as did students at public institutions of higher education (6.1 days on average, compared to a mean of 5.0 days for students attending private institutions) (Table 16). Almost twice as many female students reported experiencing poor mental health on more than 10 days in the past month (16.5%) compared to 8.5% of male students (Figure 8).

One in seven of the students (14.7%) indicated that they had thought they would be better off dead or of hurting themselves in some way in the past two weeks. Female students, students under 21, and students attending public institutions of higher education reported higher rates of self-harming or suicidal thoughts. One in six of the female students (16.2%) indicated having such thoughts, compared to 12.1% of the male students (Table 17).

Table 16. Mean Number of Mentally Unhealthy Days During the Past Month, by Select Demographic Characteristics, by Select Demographic Characteristics, 2014 (range = 0 – 30)

	All Students	Gender			Age		Type of Institution		
		Males	Females		Under 21	21 or Over	Private	Public	
Mean	5.7	4.1	6.6	***	5.8	5.5	5.0	6.1	***
Standard Deviation	7.3	6.6	7.6		7.4	7.2	6.9	7.6	

Note. Survey question: "Thinking about your mental health, which includes stress, depression, and problems with emotions, for how many days during the past 30 days was your mental health not good?"

*** $p < .001$

Figure 8. Percentage of Students Who Indicated Select Number of Days During Past Month When Mental Health Was Not Good, by Gender, 2014

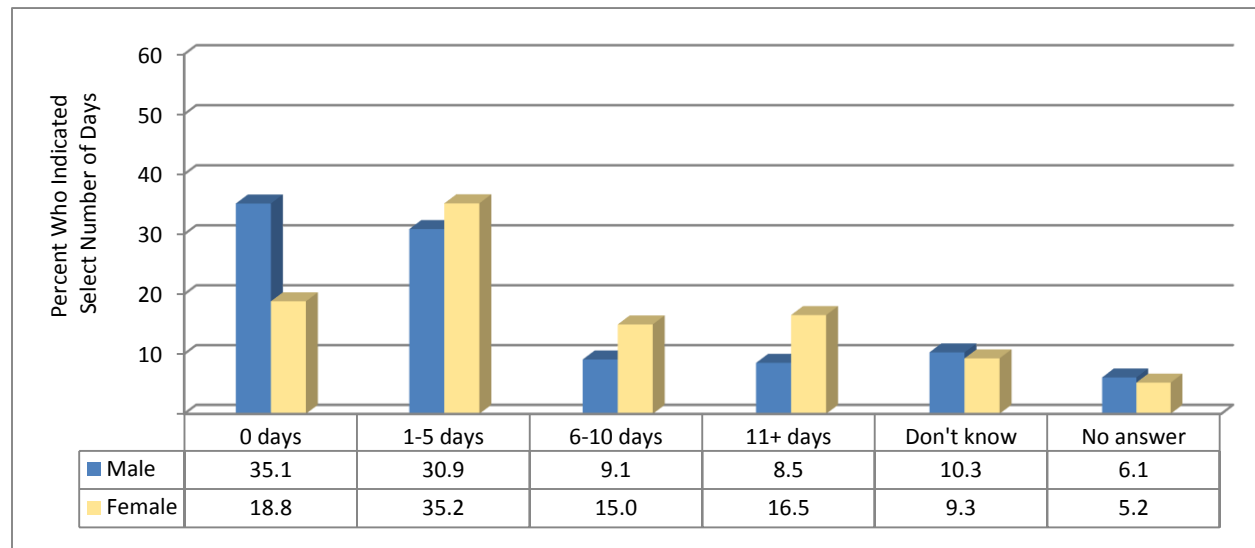


Table 17. Percentage of Students Reporting Self-Harming or Suicidal Thoughts on One or More Days in the Past Two Weeks, by Select Demographic Characteristics, by Select Demographic Characteristics, 2014

All Students	Gender			Age		Type of Institution		
	Males	Females		Under 21	21 or Over	Private	Public	
14.7	12.1	16.2	***	15.6	13.5	11.2	17.2	***

Note. Survey question: "On how many days in the past 2 weeks have you had thoughts that you would be better off dead or hurting yourself in some way?"

* $p < .05$, *** $p < .001$

GAMBLING BEHAVIORS

Opportunities for gambling have increased dramatically in the past two decades. In 1989 the State of Indiana began operating the Hoosier Lottery. River boat casinos and horse tracks were approved by the Indiana legislature in the mid-1990s, and in 2007 the State allowed slot machines to be placed in horse parks. The advent of online gambling and the growth in the popularity of poker and fantasy sports have also added to the current environment of gambling. A recent national survey of 18-21 year olds (Barnes, Welge, Hoffman & Tidwell, 2010) found that 75% of the college students reported gambling in the past year, which was similar to the rate reported by the non-college young adults surveyed. The rate of frequent gambling (weekly or more) was lower for U.S. college students (18%) than their non-college peers (25%). Male college students reported significantly higher prevalence rates of gambling (83% vs. 67%) and frequent gambling (31% vs. 6%) than the female students.

The most common form of gambling reported by students participating in the 2014 Indiana College Substance Use Survey was playing the lottery (31.4%), followed by playing cards at home (14.2%). Male Indiana students reported higher rates of gambling than female students for all gambling behaviors investigated. Almost one-quarter of the male students (23.8%) played cards at home for money in the past year, compared to 8.5% of the female students. A similar number of the male students (23.5%) gambled in betting pools and nearly one in five (18.8%) bet on fantasy sports. Almost one-quarter of the students 21 or older reported gambling at a casino (22.8%) (Table 18).

Students were asked how frequently they gambled to assess the level of excessive gambling. Not more than one percent of the students reported participating in any of the gambling behaviors at least once a week in the past year (Figure 9). The most frequent location that students reported for gambling (other than online or playing the lottery) was at a casino (8.6%), followed by an apartment or house (6.0%) (Figure 10). The most common negative consequence of gambling reported by Indiana students was feeling bad about their gambling (3.1%), followed by financial issues (1.5%) (Table 19).

Table 18. Percentage of Students Reporting Gambling Behaviors in the Past Year, by Select Demographic Characteristics, 2014

Gambling Behavior	All Students	Gender			Age		Type of Institution		
		Males	Females		Under 21	21 or Over	Private	Public	
Played cards at home	14.2	23.8	8.5	***	14.1	14.4	16.5	12.6	***
Gambled at a casino	11.7	15.5	9.4	***	3.1	22.8	***	10.6	12.4
Gambled on-line	1.3	3.0	0.3	***	0.9	1.8	*	1.6	1.1
Gambled at informal locations (e.g., street corners, gambling houses)	1.3	2.8	0.4	***	1.2	1.4	1.5	1.1	
Bet on fantasy football/basketball	8.9	18.8	3.0	***	8.2	9.8	9.8	8.2	
Betting pools (e.g., March Madness)	12.0	23.5	5.2	***	11.0	13.4	*	12.9	11.4
Lottery	31.4	34.2	29.7	**	29.3	34.2	***	31.7	31.2
Placed bet with bookie	1.2	2.6	0.4	***	0.9	1.6	1.3	1.2	

* $p < .05$, ** $p < .01$, *** $p < .001$

Figure 9. Percentage of Students Who Reported Weekly or More Frequent Gambling in the Past Year, by Gambling Category, 2014

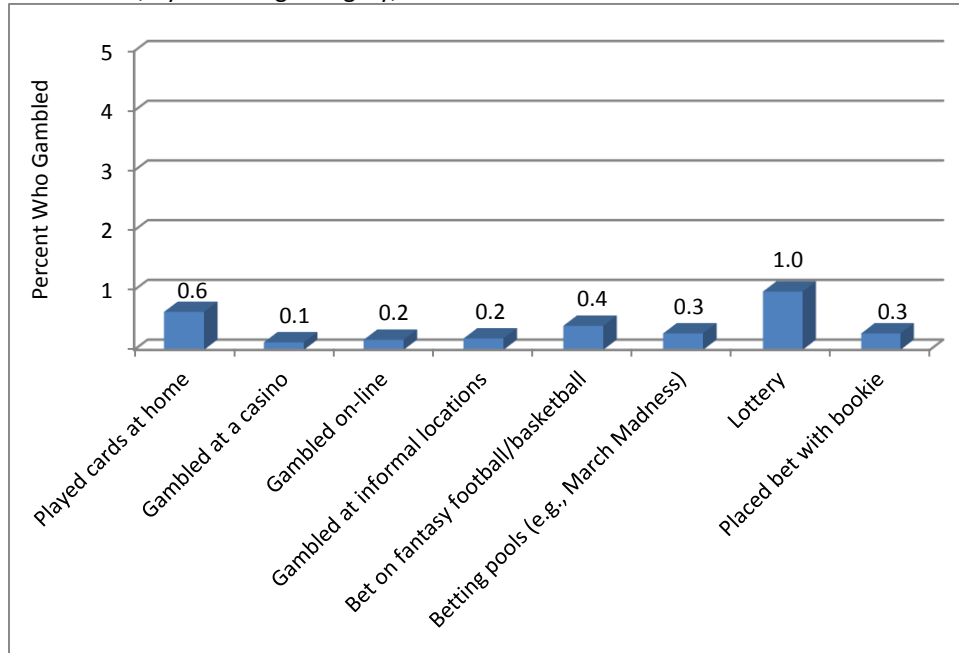


Figure 10. Most Frequent Gambling Location (Other Than Online or Lottery) in Past Year, 2014

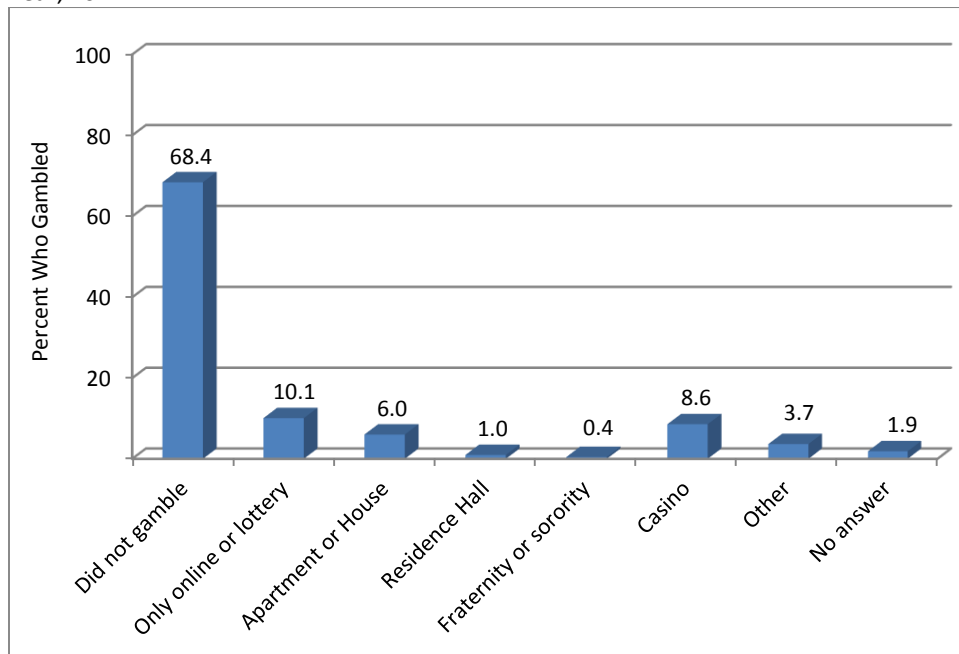


Table 19. Percentage of Students Who Gambled in the Past Year, Who Reported Select Consequences as a Result of Their Gambling, 2014 (n = 2,073)

Consequence	%
Academic problems (missed class, did poorly on exam, lower grades)	0.2
Issues with legal system	0.2
Financial issues	1.5
Felt bad about gambling	3.1
Poor physical health (sleep issues, depression, poor nutrition, poor hygiene)	0.3
Issues with friends and family (lied, strained relationships, arguments)	0.4

CHARACTERISTICS OF SURVEY PARTICIPANTS

Almost two-thirds of the survey respondents are female (62.7%) and slightly more than half (56.5%) were younger than 21 years of age. Over four-fifths of the students (86.1%) are White and most (94.6%) are non-Hispanic. Thirty percent of the respondents were freshmen (29.9%), one-quarter (24.3%) were sophomores, and approximately one-fifth were juniors (22.1%) and seniors (21.6%). Over ninety percent (95.7%) were full-time students and slightly more than half (57.0%) lived on-campus. Almost three-fifths of the students (57.7%) attend public institutions.

Table 20. Demographic Characteristics of Survey Participants, 2014

	Frequency	%
Gender		
Male	1,759	37.3
Female	2,952	62.7
Age		
Under 21	2,660	56.5
21 or older	2,051	43.5
Race		
White	4,056	86.1
Black/African American	252	5.3
Asian	127	2.7
Native American/Alaskan Native	14	0.3
Hawaiian/Pacific Islander	4	0.1
More than one race	141	3.0
Other	92	2.0
No answer	25	0.5
Ethnicity		
Hispanic	231	4.9
Non-Hispanic	4,456	94.6
No answer	24	0.5
Classification		
Freshman	1,407	29.9
Sophomore	1,146	24.3
Junior	1,040	22.1
Senior	1,017	21.6
Grad/professional	55	1.2
Not seeking a degree	11	0.2
Other	26	0.6
No answer	9	0.2

Table 20 (continued). Demographic characteristics of survey participants

	Frequency	%
Student status		
Full-time	4,509	95.7
Part-time	177	3.8
No answer	25	0.5
Location of residence		
On-campus	2,683	57.0
Off-campus	2,009	42.6
No answer	19	0.4
Type of residence		
House/apartment/etc.	2,324	49.3
Residence hall	1,931	41.0
Fraternity/Sorority	251	5.3
Other campus housing	98	2.1
Other	88	1.9
No answer	19	0.4
Type of institution		
Private	1,991	42.3
Public	2,720	57.7

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FREQUENCY TABLES

Number of times in the past year substance was used: Cigarettes

		Frequency	Percent	Valid Percent	Cumulative Percent
Valid	Did not answer	13	.3	.3	.3
	Never	3512	74.5	74.5	74.8
	1-5 times	534	11.3	11.3	86.2
	6-19 times	183	3.9	3.9	90.0
	20-39 times	104	2.2	2.2	92.3
	40+ times	365	7.7	7.7	100.0
	Total	4711	100.0	100.0	

Number of times in the past year substance was used: Cigars

		Frequency	Percent	Valid Percent	Cumulative Percent
Valid	Did not answer	25	.5	.5	.5
	Never	3562	75.6	75.6	76.1
	1-5 times	781	16.6	16.6	92.7
	6-19 times	214	4.5	4.5	97.3
	20-39 times	83	1.8	1.8	99.0
	40+ times	46	1.0	1.0	100.0
	Total	4711	100.0	100.0	

Number of times in the past year substance was used: Chewing or smokeless tobacco

		Frequency	Percent	Valid Percent	Cumulative Percent
Valid	Did not answer	26	.6	.6	.6
	Never	4277	90.8	90.8	91.3
	1-5 times	188	4.0	4.0	95.3
	6-19 times	50	1.1	1.1	96.4
	20-39 times	33	.7	.7	97.1
	40+ times	137	2.9	2.9	100.0
	Total	4711	100.0	100.0	

Number of times in the past year substance was used: Smoking tobacco with hookah or water pipe

		Frequency	Percent	Valid Percent	Cumulative Percent
Valid	Did not answer	30	.6	.6	.6
	Never	3322	70.5	70.5	71.2
	1-5 times	825	17.5	17.5	88.7
	6-19 times	309	6.6	6.6	95.2
	20-39 times	124	2.6	2.6	97.9
	40+ times	101	2.1	2.1	100.0
	Total	4711	100.0	100.0	

Number of times in the past year substance was used: Alcohol

		Frequency	Percent	Valid Percent	Cumulative Percent
Valid	Did not answer	15	.3	.3	.3
	Never	946	20.1	20.1	20.4
	1-5 times	927	19.7	19.7	40.1
	6-19 times	928	19.7	19.7	59.8
	20-39 times	771	16.4	16.4	76.1
	40+ times	1124	23.9	23.9	100.0
	Total	4711	100.0	100.0	

Number of times in the past year substance was used: Marijuana

		Frequency	Percent	Valid Percent	Cumulative Percent
Valid	Did not answer	11	.2	.2	.2
	Never	3357	71.3	71.3	71.5
	1-5 times	606	12.9	12.9	84.4
	6-19 times	242	5.1	5.1	89.5
	20-39 times	124	2.6	2.6	92.1
	40+ times	371	7.9	7.9	100.0
	Total	4711	100.0	100.0	

Number of times in the past year substance was used: Cocaine

		Frequency	Percent	Valid Percent	Cumulative Percent
Valid	Did not answer	12	.3	.3	.3
	Never	4590	97.4	97.4	97.7
	1-5 times	82	1.7	1.7	99.4
	6-19 times	15	.3	.3	99.7
	20-39 times	9	.2	.2	99.9
	40+ times	3	.1	.1	100.0
	Total	4711	100.0	100.0	

Number of times in the past year substance was used: Hallucinogens

		Frequency	Percent	Valid Percent	Cumulative Percent
Valid	Did not answer	12	.3	.3	.3
	Never	4437	94.2	94.2	94.4
	1-5 times	214	4.5	4.5	99.0
	6-19 times	37	.8	.8	99.8
	20-39 times	5	.1	.1	99.9
	40+ times	6	.1	.1	100.0
	Total	4711	100.0	100.0	

Number of times in the past year substance was used: Heroin

		Frequency	Percent	Valid Percent	Cumulative Percent
Valid	Did not answer	21	.4	.4	.4
	Never	4675	99.2	99.2	99.7
	1-5 times	7	.1	.1	99.8
	6-19 times	2	.0	.0	99.9
	20-39 times	2	.0	.0	99.9
	40+ times	4	.1	.1	100.0
	Total	4711	100.0	100.0	

Number of times in the past year substance was used: Inhalants

		Frequency	Percent	Valid Percent	Cumulative Percent
Valid	Did not answer	19	.4	.4	.4
	Never	4657	98.9	98.9	99.3
	1-5 times	26	.6	.6	99.8
	6-19 times	8	.2	.2	100.0
	40+ times	1	.0	.0	100.0
	Total	4711	100.0	100.0	

Number of times in the past year substance was used: Prescription pills not prescribed to you

		Frequency	Percent	Valid Percent	Cumulative Percent
Valid	Did not answer	8	.2	.2	.2
	Never	4176	88.6	88.6	88.8
	1-5 times	344	7.3	7.3	96.1
	6-19 times	123	2.6	2.6	98.7
	20-39 times	33	.7	.7	99.4
	40+ times	27	.6	.6	100.0
	Total	4711	100.0	100.0	

Number of times in the past year substance was used: Medications prescribed to you but used to get high

		Frequency	Percent	Valid Percent	Cumulative Percent
Valid	Did not answer	11	.2	.2	.2
	Never	4559	96.8	96.8	97.0
	1-5 times	87	1.8	1.8	98.9
	6-19 times	31	.7	.7	99.5
	20-39 times	14	.3	.3	99.8
	40+ times	9	.2	.2	100.0
	Total	4711	100.0	100.0	

Number of times in the past year substance was used: Over-the-counter medications to get high

		Frequency	Percent	Valid Percent	Cumulative Percent
Valid	Did not answer	12	.3	.3	.3
	Never	4634	98.4	98.4	98.6
	1-5 times	48	1.0	1.0	99.6
	6-19 times	5	.1	.1	99.7
	20-39 times	5	.1	.1	99.9
	40+ times	7	.1	.1	100.0
	Total	4711	100.0	100.0	

Number of times in the past year substance was used: Methamphetamine

		Frequency	Percent	Valid Percent	Cumulative Percent
Valid	Did not answer	14	.3	.3	.3
	Never	4674	99.2	99.2	99.5
	1-5 times	10	.2	.2	99.7
	6-19 times	6	.1	.1	99.9
	20-39 times	2	.0	.0	99.9
	40+ times	5	.1	.1	100.0
	Total	4711	100.0	100.0	

Number of times in the past year substance was used: Other illegal drugs

		Frequency	Percent	Valid Percent	Cumulative Percent
Valid	Did not answer	25	.5	.5	.5
	Never	4611	97.9	97.9	98.4
	1-5 times	51	1.1	1.1	99.5
	6-19 times	14	.3	.3	99.8
	20-39 times	5	.1	.1	99.9
	40+ times	5	.1	.1	100.0
	Total	4711	100.0	100.0	

Number of times in the past month substance was used: Cigarettes

		Frequency	Percent	Valid Percent	Cumulative Percent
Valid	Did not answer	341	7.2	7.2	7.2
	Never	3759	79.8	79.8	87.0
	1-5 times	310	6.6	6.6	93.6
	6-19 times	90	1.9	1.9	95.5
	20-39 times	63	1.3	1.3	96.9
	40+ times	148	3.1	3.1	100.0
	Total	4711	100.0	100.0	

Number of times in the past month substance was used: Cigars

		Frequency	Percent	Valid Percent	Cumulative Percent
Valid	Did not answer	350	7.4	7.4	7.4
	Never	4007	85.1	85.1	92.5
	1-5 times	313	6.6	6.6	99.1
	6-19 times	29	.6	.6	99.7
	20-39 times	8	.2	.2	99.9
	40+ times	4	.1	.1	100.0
	Total	4711	100.0	100.0	

Number of times in the past month substance was used: Chewing or smokeless tobacco

		Frequency	Percent	Valid Percent	Cumulative Percent
Valid	Did not answer	355	7.5	7.5	7.5
	Never	4129	87.6	87.6	95.2
	1-5 times	99	2.1	2.1	97.3
	6-19 times	51	1.1	1.1	98.4
	20-39 times	27	.6	.6	98.9
	40+ times	50	1.1	1.1	100.0
	Total	4711	100.0	100.0	

Number of times in the past month substance was used: Smoking tobacco with hookah or water pipe

		Frequency	Percent	Valid Percent	Cumulative Percent
Valid	Did not answer	368	7.8	7.8	7.8
	Never	3859	81.9	81.9	89.7
	1-5 times	390	8.3	8.3	98.0
	6-19 times	70	1.5	1.5	99.5
	20-39 times	16	.3	.3	99.8
	40+ times	8	.2	.2	100.0
	Total	4711	100.0	100.0	

Number of times in the past month substance was used: Alcohol

		Frequency	Percent	Valid Percent	Cumulative Percent
Valid	Did not answer	346	7.3	7.3	7.3
	Never	1520	32.3	32.3	39.6
	1-5 times	1761	37.4	37.4	77.0
	6-19 times	841	17.9	17.9	94.8
	20-39 times	151	3.2	3.2	98.0
	40+ times	92	2.0	2.0	100.0
	Total	4711	100.0	100.0	

Number of times in the past month substance was used: Marijuana

		Frequency	Percent	Valid Percent	Cumulative Percent
Valid	Did not answer	349	7.4	7.4	7.4
	Never	3700	78.5	78.5	85.9
	1-5 times	353	7.5	7.5	93.4
	6-19 times	143	3.0	3.0	96.5
	20-39 times	80	1.7	1.7	98.2
	40+ times	86	1.8	1.8	100.0
	Total	4711	100.0	100.0	

Number of times in the past month substance was used: Cocaine

		Frequency	Percent	Valid Percent	Cumulative Percent
Valid	Did not answer	350	7.4	7.4	7.4
	Never	4327	91.8	91.8	99.3
	1-5 times	29	.6	.6	99.9
	6-19 times	5	.1	.1	100.0
	Total	4711	100.0	100.0	

Number of times in the past month substance was used: Hallucinogens

		Frequency	Percent	Valid Percent	Cumulative Percent
Valid	Did not answer	345	7.3	7.3	7.3
	Never	4308	91.4	91.4	98.8
	1-5 times	56	1.2	1.2	100.0
	6-19 times	2	.0	.0	100.0
	Total	4711	100.0	100.0	

Number of times in the past month substance was used: Heroin

		Frequency	Percent	Valid Percent	Cumulative Percent
Valid	Did not answer	349	7.4	7.4	7.4
	Never	4356	92.5	92.5	99.9
	1-5 times	4	.1	.1	100.0
	6-19 times	1	.0	.0	100.0
	20-39 times	1	.0	.0	100.0
	Total	4711	100.0	100.0	

Number of times in the past month substance was used: Inhalants

		Frequency	Percent	Valid Percent	Cumulative Percent
Valid	Did not answer	346	7.3	7.3	7.3
	Never	4358	92.5	92.5	99.9
	1-5 times	5	.1	.1	100.0
	6-19 times	1	.0	.0	100.0
	20-39 times	1	.0	.0	100.0
	Total	4711	100.0	100.0	

Number of times in the past month substance was used: Prescription pills not prescribed to you

		Frequency	Percent	Valid Percent	Cumulative Percent
Valid	Did not answer	347	7.4	7.4	7.4
	Never	4183	88.8	88.8	96.2
	1-5 times	153	3.2	3.2	99.4
	6-19 times	21	.4	.4	99.9
	20-39 times	5	.1	.1	100.0
	40+ times	2	.0	.0	100.0
	Total	4711	100.0	100.0	

Number of times in the past month substance was used: Medications prescribed to you but used to get high

		Frequency	Percent	Valid Percent	Cumulative Percent
Valid	Did not answer	346	7.3	7.3	7.3
	Never	4320	91.7	91.7	99.0
	1-5 times	31	.7	.7	99.7
	6-19 times	10	.2	.2	99.9
	20-39 times	2	.0	.0	100.0
	40+ times	2	.0	.0	100.0
	Total	4711	100.0	100.0	

Number of times in the past month substance was used: Over-the-counter medications to get high

		Frequency	Percent	Valid Percent	Cumulative Percent
Valid	Did not answer	347	7.4	7.4	7.4
	Never	4342	92.2	92.2	99.5
	1-5 times	15	.3	.3	99.9
	6-19 times	3	.1	.1	99.9
	20-39 times	2	.0	.0	100.0
	40+ times	2	.0	.0	100.0
	Total	4711	100.0	100.0	

Number of times in the past month substance was used: Methamphetamine

		Frequency	Percent	Valid Percent	Cumulative Percent
Valid	Did not answer	354	7.5	7.5	7.5
	Never	4347	92.3	92.3	99.8
	1-5 times	3	.1	.1	99.9
	6-19 times	2	.0	.0	99.9
	20-39 times	2	.0	.0	99.9
	40+ times	3	.1	.1	100.0
	Total	4711	100.0	100.0	

Number of times in the past month substance was used: Other illegal drugs

		Frequency	Percent	Valid Percent	Cumulative Percent
Valid	Did not answer	367	7.8	7.8	7.8
	Never	4333	92.0	92.0	99.8
	1-5 times	7	.1	.1	99.9
	6-19 times	1	.0	.0	99.9
	20-39 times	1	.0	.0	100.0
	40+ times	2	.0	.0	100.0
	Total	4711	100.0	100.0	

Number of days student binge drank during the past month

		Frequency	Percent	Valid Percent	Cumulative Percent
Valid	Did not answer	31	.7	.7	.7
	0	2431	51.6	51.6	52.3
	1	621	13.2	13.2	65.4
	2	444	9.4	9.4	74.9
	3	271	5.8	5.8	80.6
	4	226	4.8	4.8	85.4
	5	161	3.4	3.4	88.8
	6	107	2.3	2.3	91.1
	7	53	1.1	1.1	92.2
	8	92	2.0	2.0	94.2
	9	32	.7	.7	94.9
	10	111	2.4	2.4	97.2
	11	14	.3	.3	97.5
	12	31	.7	.7	98.2
	13	14	.3	.3	98.5
	14	10	.2	.2	98.7
	15	25	.5	.5	99.2
	16	7	.1	.1	99.4
	17	1	.0	.0	99.4
	18	4	.1	.1	99.5
	19	1	.0	.0	99.5
	20	12	.3	.3	99.7
	22	3	.1	.1	99.8
	25	4	.1	.1	99.9
	30	5	.1	.1	100.0
	Total	4711	100.0	100.0	

Number of times student binge drank during the last two weeks

		Frequency	Percent	Valid Percent	Cumulative Percent
Valid	Did not answer	39	.8	.8	.8
	0	2835	60.2	60.2	61.0
	1	806	17.1	17.1	78.1
	2	437	9.3	9.3	87.4
	3	206	4.4	4.4	91.8
	4	161	3.4	3.4	95.2
	5	95	2.0	2.0	97.2
	6	40	.8	.8	98.0
	7	27	.6	.6	98.6
	8	24	.5	.5	99.1
	9	8	.2	.2	99.3
	10	13	.3	.3	99.6
	11	1	.0	.0	99.6
	12	6	.1	.1	99.7
	13	3	.1	.1	99.8
	14	10	.2	.2	100.0
	Total	4711	100.0	100.0	

Age of first time use: Cigarettes

		Frequency	Percent	Valid Percent	Cumulative Percent
Valid	Did not answer	13	.3	.3	.3
	Did not use	3058	64.9	64.9	65.2
	Under 10	29	.6	.6	65.8
	10-11	43	.9	.9	66.7
	12-13	124	2.6	2.6	69.3
	14-15	262	5.6	5.6	74.9
	16-17	473	10.0	10.0	85.0
	18-20	646	13.7	13.7	98.7
	21-25	61	1.3	1.3	100.0
	26+	2	.0	.0	100.0
	Total	4711	100.0	100.0	

Age of first time use: Cigars

		Frequency	Percent	Valid Percent	Cumulative Percent
Valid	Did not answer	21	.4	.4	.4
	Did not use	3183	67.6	67.6	68.0
	Under 10	8	.2	.2	68.2
	10-11	6	.1	.1	68.3
	12-13	37	.8	.8	69.1
	14-15	149	3.2	3.2	72.3
	16-17	477	10.1	10.1	82.4
	18-20	747	15.9	15.9	98.2
	21-25	76	1.6	1.6	99.9
	26+	7	.1	.1	100.0
	Total	4711	100.0	100.0	

Age of first time use: Chewing or smokeless tobacco

		Frequency	Percent	Valid Percent	Cumulative Percent
Valid	Did not answer	35	.7	.7	.7
	Did not use	3999	84.9	84.9	85.6
	Under 10	4	.1	.1	85.7
	10-11	11	.2	.2	85.9
	12-13	37	.8	.8	86.7
	14-15	102	2.2	2.2	88.9
	16-17	220	4.7	4.7	93.6
	18-20	265	5.6	5.6	99.2
	21-25	36	.8	.8	100.0
	26+	2	.0	.0	100.0
	Total	4711	100.0	100.0	

Age of first time use: Smoking tobacco with hookah or water pipe

		Frequency	Percent	Valid Percent	Cumulative Percent
Valid	Did not answer	27	.6	.6	.6
	Did not use	3055	64.8	64.8	65.4
	Under 10	2	.0	.0	65.5
	10-11	2	.0	.0	65.5
	12-13	18	.4	.4	65.9
	14-15	95	2.0	2.0	67.9
	16-17	435	9.2	9.2	77.1
	18-20	988	21.0	21.0	98.1
	21-25	82	1.7	1.7	99.9
	26+	7	.1	.1	100.0
Total		4711	100.0	100.0	

Age of first time use: Alcohol

		Frequency	Percent	Valid Percent	Cumulative Percent
Valid	Did not answer	14	.3	.3	.3
	Did not use	788	16.7	16.7	17.0
	Under 10	69	1.5	1.5	18.5
	10-11	54	1.1	1.1	19.6
	12-13	189	4.0	4.0	23.6
	14-15	664	14.1	14.1	37.7
	16-17	1179	25.0	25.0	62.8
	18-20	1466	31.1	31.1	93.9
	21-25	285	6.0	6.0	99.9
	26+	3	.1	.1	100.0
Total		4711	100.0	100.0	

Age of first time use: Marijuana

		Frequency	Percent	Valid Percent	Cumulative Percent
Valid	Did not answer	15	.3	.3	.3
	Did not use	2903	61.6	61.6	61.9
	Under 10	5	.1	.1	62.0
	10-11	13	.3	.3	62.3
	12-13	64	1.4	1.4	63.7
	14-15	298	6.3	6.3	70.0
	16-17	601	12.8	12.8	82.8
	18-20	721	15.3	15.3	98.1
	21-25	86	1.8	1.8	99.9
	26+	5	.1	.1	100.0
	Total	4711	100.0	100.0	

Age of first time use: Cocaine

		Frequency	Percent	Valid Percent	Cumulative Percent
Valid	Did not answer	12	.3	.3	.3
	Did not use	4503	95.6	95.6	95.8
	Under 10	3	.1	.1	95.9
	10-11	1	.0	.0	95.9
	12-13	2	.0	.0	96.0
	14-15	12	.3	.3	96.2
	16-17	42	.9	.9	97.1
	18-20	102	2.2	2.2	99.3
	21-25	30	.6	.6	99.9
	26+	4	.1	.1	100.0
	Total	4711	100.0	100.0	

Age of first time use: Hallucinogens

		Frequency	Percent	Valid Percent	Cumulative Percent
Valid	Did not answer	8	.2	.2	.2
	Did not use	4342	92.2	92.2	92.3
	Under 10	1	.0	.0	92.4
	12-13	3	.1	.1	92.4
	14-15	21	.4	.4	92.9
	16-17	97	2.1	2.1	94.9
	18-20	189	4.0	4.0	98.9
	21-25	47	1.0	1.0	99.9
	26+	3	.1	.1	100.0
	Total	4711	100.0	100.0	

Age of first time use: Heroin

		Frequency	Percent	Valid Percent	Cumulative Percent
Valid	Did not answer	15	.3	.3	.3
	Did not use	4663	99.0	99.0	99.3
	Under 10	3	.1	.1	99.4
	12-13	2	.0	.0	99.4
	14-15	1	.0	.0	99.4
	16-17	6	.1	.1	99.6
	18-20	15	.3	.3	99.9
	21-25	4	.1	.1	100.0
	26+	2	.0	.0	100.0
	Total	4711	100.0	100.0	

Age of first time use: Inhalants

		Frequency	Percent	Valid Percent	Cumulative Percent
Valid	Did not answer	22	.5	.5	.5
	Did not use	4599	97.6	97.6	98.1
	Under 10	4	.1	.1	98.2
	10-11	7	.1	.1	98.3
	12-13	11	.2	.2	98.6
	14-15	20	.4	.4	99.0
	16-17	17	.4	.4	99.3
	18-20	27	.6	.6	99.9
	21-25	4	.1	.1	100.0
	Total	4711	100.0	100.0	

Age of first time use: Prescription pills not prescribed to you

		Frequency	Percent	Valid Percent	Cumulative Percent
Valid	Did not answer	11	.2	.2	.2
	Did not use	4076	86.5	86.5	86.8
	Under 10	7	.1	.1	86.9
	10-11	3	.1	.1	87.0
	12-13	21	.4	.4	87.4
	14-15	80	1.7	1.7	89.1
	16-17	171	3.6	3.6	92.7
	18-20	278	5.9	5.9	98.6
	21-25	54	1.1	1.1	99.8
	26+	10	.2	.2	100.0
	Total	4711	100.0	100.0	

Age of first time use: Medications prescribed to you but used to get high

		Frequency	Percent	Valid Percent	Cumulative Percent
Valid	Did not answer	13	.3	.3	.3
	Did not use	4464	94.8	94.8	95.0
	Under 10	4	.1	.1	95.1
	10-11	1	.0	.0	95.1
	12-13	9	.2	.2	95.3
	14-15	28	.6	.6	95.9
	16-17	67	1.4	1.4	97.3
	18-20	107	2.3	2.3	99.6
	21-25	15	.3	.3	99.9
	26+	3	.1	.1	100.0
	Total	4711	100.0	100.0	

Age of first time use: Over-the-counter medications to get high

		Frequency	Percent	Valid Percent	Cumulative Percent
Valid	Did not answer	9	.2	.2	.2
	Did not use	4562	96.8	96.8	97.0
	Under 10	4	.1	.1	97.1
	10-11	1	.0	.0	97.1
	12-13	15	.3	.3	97.5
	14-15	26	.6	.6	98.0
	16-17	43	.9	.9	98.9
	18-20	43	.9	.9	99.8
	21-25	8	.2	.2	100.0
	Total	4711	100.0	100.0	

Age of first time use: Methamphetamine

		Frequency	Percent	Valid Percent	Cumulative Percent
Valid	Did not answer	13	.3	.3	.3
	Did not use	4655	98.8	98.8	99.1
	Under 10	2	.0	.0	99.1
	10-11	1	.0	.0	99.2
	12-13	2	.0	.0	99.2
	14-15	5	.1	.1	99.3
	16-17	6	.1	.1	99.4
	18-20	18	.4	.4	99.8
	21-25	6	.1	.1	99.9
	26+	3	.1	.1	100.0
	Total	4711	100.0	100.0	

Age of first time use: Other illegal drugs

		Frequency	Percent	Valid Percent	Cumulative Percent
Valid	Did not answer	29	.6	.6	.6
	Did not use	4590	97.4	97.4	98.0
	Under 10	7	.1	.1	98.2
	10-11	2	.0	.0	98.2
	14-15	9	.2	.2	98.4
	16-17	24	.5	.5	98.9
	18-20	39	.8	.8	99.8
	21-25	10	.2	.2	100.0
	26+	1	.0	.0	100.0
	Total	4711	100.0	100.0	

Use of substance in the past 6 months without a prescription: Adderall

	Frequency	Percent	Valid Percent	Cumulative Percent
Valid Did not answer	22	.5	.5	.5
Did not use	4262	90.5	90.5	90.9
Once	209	4.4	4.4	95.4
Every other month	73	1.5	1.5	96.9
Once a month	87	1.8	1.8	98.8
Once a week	35	.7	.7	99.5
3 times a week	14	.3	.3	99.8
5 times a week	5	.1	.1	99.9
Every day	4	.1	.1	100.0
Total	4711	100.0	100.0	

Use of substance in the past 6 months without a prescription: Ritalin

	Frequency	Percent	Valid Percent	Cumulative Percent
Valid Did not answer	28	.6	.6	.6
Did not use	4627	98.2	98.2	98.8
Once	25	.5	.5	99.3
Every other month	11	.2	.2	99.6
Once a month	14	.3	.3	99.9
Once a week	3	.1	.1	99.9
3 times a week	1	.0	.0	100.0
5 times a week	1	.0	.0	100.0
Every day	1	.0	.0	100.0
Total	4711	100.0	100.0	

Use of substance in the past 6 months without a prescription: Xanax

	Frequency	Percent	Valid Percent	Cumulative Percent
Valid Did not answer	26	.6	.6	.6
Did not use	4549	96.6	96.6	97.1
Once	67	1.4	1.4	98.5
Every other month	29	.6	.6	99.2
Once a month	27	.6	.6	99.7
Once a week	12	.3	.3	100.0
3 times a week	1	.0	.0	100.0
Total	4711	100.0	100.0	

Use of substance in the past 6 months without a prescription: Codeine

		Frequency	Percent	Valid Percent	Cumulative Percent
Valid	Did not answer	25	.5	.5	.5
	Did not use	4581	97.2	97.2	97.8
	Once	67	1.4	1.4	99.2
	Every other month	17	.4	.4	99.6
	Once a month	17	.4	.4	99.9
	Once a week	2	.0	.0	100.0
	5 times a week	2	.0	.0	100.0
	Total	4711	100.0	100.0	

Use of substance in the past 6 months without a prescription: Vicodin

		Frequency	Percent	Valid Percent	Cumulative Percent
Valid	Did not answer	26	.6	.6	.6
	Did not use	4558	96.8	96.8	97.3
	Once	74	1.6	1.6	98.9
	Every other month	26	.6	.6	99.4
	Once a month	14	.3	.3	99.7
	Once a week	9	.2	.2	99.9
	3 times a week	2	.0	.0	100.0
	5 times a week	1	.0	.0	100.0
	Every day	1	.0	.0	100.0
	Total	4711	100.0	100.0	

Use of substance in the past 6 months without a prescription: Lortab

		Frequency	Percent	Valid Percent	Cumulative Percent
Valid	Did not answer	30	.6	.6	.6
	Did not use	4621	98.1	98.1	98.7
	Once	29	.6	.6	99.3
	Every other month	11	.2	.2	99.6
	Once a month	9	.2	.2	99.8
	Once a week	9	.2	.2	100.0
	3 times a week	1	.0	.0	100.0
	Every day	1	.0	.0	100.0
	Total	4711	100.0	100.0	

Use of substance in the past 6 months without a prescription: Percocet

		Frequency	Percent	Valid Percent	Cumulative Percent
Valid	Did not answer	23	.5	.5	.5
	Did not use	4636	98.4	98.4	98.9
	Once	24	.5	.5	99.4
	Every other month	8	.2	.2	99.6
	Once a month	10	.2	.2	99.8
	Once a week	7	.1	.1	99.9
	5 times a week	2	.0	.0	100.0
	Every day	1	.0	.0	100.0
	Total	4711	100.0	100.0	

Use of substance in the past 6 months without a prescription: Oxycontin

		Frequency	Percent	Valid Percent	Cumulative Percent
Valid	Did not answer	32	.7	.7	.7
	Did not use	4634	98.4	98.4	99.0
	Once	25	.5	.5	99.6
	Every other month	5	.1	.1	99.7
	Once a month	10	.2	.2	99.9
	Once a week	2	.0	.0	99.9
	3 times a week	1	.0	.0	100.0
	Every day	2	.0	.0	100.0
	Total	4711	100.0	100.0	

Use of substance in the past 6 months without a prescription: Morphine

		Frequency	Percent	Valid Percent	Cumulative Percent
Valid	Did not answer	35	.7	.7	.7
	Did not use	4655	98.8	98.8	99.6
	Once	7	.1	.1	99.7
	Every other month	3	.1	.1	99.8
	Once a month	2	.0	.0	99.8
	Once a week	5	.1	.1	99.9
	3 times a week	3	.1	.1	100.0
	5 times a week	1	.0	.0	100.0
	Total	4711	100.0	100.0	

Use of substance in the past 6 months without a prescription: Methadone

		Frequency	Percent	Valid Percent	Cumulative Percent
Valid	Did not answer	37	.8	.8	.8
	Did not use	4663	99.0	99.0	99.8
	Once	2	.0	.0	99.8
	Every other month	1	.0	.0	99.8
	Once a month	4	.1	.1	99.9
	Once a week	1	.0	.0	99.9
	3 times a week	2	.0	.0	100.0
	Every day	1	.0	.0	100.0
	Total	4711	100.0	100.0	

Use of substance in the past 6 months without a prescription: Steroids

		Frequency	Percent	Valid Percent	Cumulative Percent
Valid	Did not answer	57	1.2	1.2	1.2
	Did not use	4636	98.4	98.4	99.6
	Once	8	.2	.2	99.8
	Every other month	1	.0	.0	99.8
	Once a month	3	.1	.1	99.9
	Once a week	5	.1	.1	100.0
	3 times a week	1	.0	.0	100.0
	Total	4711	100.0	100.0	

Alcohol use in the past 6 months

		Frequency	Percent	Valid Percent	Cumulative Percent
Valid	Did not answer	43	.9	.9	.9
	Yes	3652	77.5	77.5	78.4
	No	1016	21.6	21.6	100.0
	Total	4711	100.0	100.0	

Reasons for drinking: To experiment

		Frequency	Percent	Valid Percent	Cumulative Percent
Valid	Did not answer	26	.7	.7	.7
	Yes	788	21.6	21.6	22.3
	No	2787	76.3	76.3	98.6
	Unsure	51	1.4	1.4	100.0
	Total	3652	100.0	100.0	

Reasons for drinking: Because I am hooked

		Frequency	Percent	Valid Percent	Cumulative Percent
Valid	Did not answer	28	.8	.8	.8
	Yes	89	2.4	2.4	3.2
	No	3488	95.5	95.5	98.7
	Unsure	47	1.3	1.3	100.0
	Total	3652	100.0	100.0	

Reasons for drinking: To relax or relieve tension

		Frequency	Percent	Valid Percent	Cumulative Percent
Valid	Did not answer	18	.5	.5	.5
	Yes	2244	61.4	61.4	61.9
	No	1350	37.0	37.0	98.9
	Unsure	40	1.1	1.1	100.0
	Total	3652	100.0	100.0	

Reasons for drinking: To feel good or get high

		Frequency	Percent	Valid Percent	Cumulative Percent
Valid	Did not answer	28	.8	.8	.8
	Yes	1553	42.5	42.5	43.3
	No	2035	55.7	55.7	99.0
	Unsure	36	1.0	1.0	100.0
	Total	3652	100.0	100.0	

Reasons for drinking: To seek deeper insights and understanding

		Frequency	Percent	Valid Percent	Cumulative Percent
Valid	Did not answer	26	.7	.7	.7
	Yes	234	6.4	6.4	7.1
	No	3354	91.8	91.8	99.0
	Unsure	38	1.0	1.0	100.0
	Total	3652	100.0	100.0	

Reasons for drinking: To have a good time with friends

		Frequency	Percent	Valid Percent	Cumulative Percent
Valid	Did not answer	14	.4	.4	.4
	Yes	3097	84.8	84.8	85.2
	No	524	14.3	14.3	99.5
	Unsure	17	.5	.5	100.0
	Total	3652	100.0	100.0	

Reasons for drinking: To fit in with a group I like

		Frequency	Percent	Valid Percent	Cumulative Percent
Valid	Did not answer	23	.6	.6	.6
	Yes	377	10.3	10.3	11.0
	No	3221	88.2	88.2	99.2
	Unsure	31	.8	.8	100.0
	Total	3652	100.0	100.0	

Reasons for drinking: Because of boredom

		Frequency	Percent	Valid Percent	Cumulative Percent
Valid	Did not answer	23	.6	.6	.6
	Yes	790	21.6	21.6	22.3
	No	2805	76.8	76.8	99.1
	Unsure	34	.9	.9	100.0
	Total	3652	100.0	100.0	

Reasons for drinking: Because of anger or frustration

		Frequency	Percent	Valid Percent	Cumulative Percent
Valid	Did not answer	24	.7	.7	.7
	Yes	578	15.8	15.8	16.5
	No	3021	82.7	82.7	99.2
	Unsure	29	.8	.8	100.0
	Total	3652	100.0	100.0	

Reasons for drinking: To get through the day

		Frequency	Percent	Valid Percent	Cumulative Percent
Valid	Did not answer	28	.8	.8	.8
	Yes	163	4.5	4.5	5.2
	No	3443	94.3	94.3	99.5
	Unsure	18	.5	.5	100.0
	Total	3652	100.0	100.0	

Reasons for drinking: To increase the effects of other drug(s)

		Frequency	Percent	Valid Percent	Cumulative Percent
Valid	Did not answer	24	.7	.7	.7
	Yes	131	3.6	3.6	4.2
	No	3481	95.3	95.3	99.6
	Unsure	16	.4	.4	100.0
	Total	3652	100.0	100.0	

Reasons for drinking: To decrease the effects of other drug(s)

		Frequency	Percent	Valid Percent	Cumulative Percent
Valid	Did not answer	23	.6	.6	.6
	Yes	39	1.1	1.1	1.7
	No	3574	97.9	97.9	99.6
	Unsure	16	.4	.4	100.0
	Total	3652	100.0	100.0	

Reasons for drinking: To get to sleep

		Frequency	Percent	Valid Percent	Cumulative Percent
Valid	Did not answer	31	.8	.8	.8
	Yes	326	8.9	8.9	9.8
	No	3269	89.5	89.5	99.3
	Unsure	26	.7	.7	100.0
	Total	3652	100.0	100.0	

Reasons for drinking: Because it tastes good

		Frequency	Percent	Valid Percent	Cumulative Percent
Valid	Did not answer	28	.8	.8	.8
	Yes	2064	56.5	56.5	57.3
	No	1515	41.5	41.5	98.8
	Unsure	45	1.2	1.2	100.0
	Total	3652	100.0	100.0	

Reasons for drinking: To get away from my problems

		Frequency	Percent	Valid Percent	Cumulative Percent
Valid	Did not answer	43	1.2	1.2	1.2
	Yes	533	14.6	14.6	15.8
	No	3029	82.9	82.9	98.7
	Unsure	47	1.3	1.3	100.0
	Total	3652	100.0	100.0	

Combined alcohol with energy drinks

		Frequency	Percent	Valid Percent	Cumulative Percent
Valid	Did not answer	3	.1	.1	.1
	Yes	1052	28.8	28.8	28.9
	No	2597	71.1	71.1	100.0
	Total	3652	100.0	100.0	

Combined alcohol with stimulants

		Frequency	Percent	Valid Percent	Cumulative Percent
Valid	Did not answer	6	.2	.2	.2
	Yes	246	6.7	6.7	6.9
	No	3400	93.1	93.1	100.0
	Total	3652	100.0	100.0	

Consequences of alcohol use: Friends or family members worried or complained about your drinking

		Frequency	Percent	Valid Percent	Cumulative Percent
Valid	Did not answer	14	.4	.4	.4
	Never	3176	87.0	87.0	87.3
	Once	248	6.8	6.8	94.1
	Twice	87	2.4	2.4	96.5
	3-5 times	89	2.4	2.4	99.0
	6-9 times	18	.5	.5	99.5
	10+ times	20	.5	.5	100.0
	Total	3652	100.0	100.0	

Consequences of alcohol use: Had a hangover

		Frequency	Percent	Valid Percent	Cumulative Percent
Valid	Did not answer	21	.6	.6	.6
	Never	1446	39.6	39.6	40.2
	Once	734	20.1	20.1	60.3
	Twice	461	12.6	12.6	72.9
	3-5 times	553	15.1	15.1	88.0
	6-9 times	197	5.4	5.4	93.4
	10+ times	240	6.6	6.6	100.0
	Total	3652	100.0	100.0	

Consequences of alcohol use: Felt bad/guilty about your drinking

		Frequency	Percent	Valid Percent	Cumulative Percent
Valid	Did not answer	31	.8	.8	.8
	Never	2660	72.8	72.8	73.7
	Once	456	12.5	12.5	86.2
	Twice	236	6.5	6.5	92.6
	3-5 times	187	5.1	5.1	97.8
	6-9 times	50	1.4	1.4	99.1
	10+ times	32	.9	.9	100.0
	Total	3652	100.0	100.0	

Consequences of alcohol use: Been unable to stop drinking when you wanted to

		Frequency	Percent	Valid Percent	Cumulative Percent
Valid	Did not answer	25	.7	.7	.7
	Never	3339	91.4	91.4	92.1
	Once	82	2.2	2.2	94.4
	Twice	62	1.7	1.7	96.1
	3-5 times	60	1.6	1.6	97.7
	6-9 times	21	.6	.6	98.3
	10+ times	63	1.7	1.7	100.0
	Total	3652	100.0	100.0	

Consequences of alcohol use: Created problems between you and your friends or family members

		Frequency	Percent	Valid Percent	Cumulative Percent
Valid	Did not answer	19	.5	.5	.5
	Never	3202	87.7	87.7	88.2
	Once	238	6.5	6.5	94.7
	Twice	105	2.9	2.9	97.6
	3-5 times	62	1.7	1.7	99.3
	6-9 times	16	.4	.4	99.7
	10+ times	10	.3	.3	100.0
	Total	3652	100.0	100.0	

Consequences of alcohol use: Gotten into trouble at work or school because of drinking

		Frequency	Percent	Valid Percent	Cumulative Percent
Valid	Did not answer	22	.6	.6	.6
	Never	3463	94.8	94.8	95.4
	Once	125	3.4	3.4	98.8
	Twice	27	.7	.7	99.6
	3-5 times	11	.3	.3	99.9
	6-9 times	1	.0	.0	99.9
	10+ times	3	.1	.1	100.0
	Total	3652	100.0	100.0	

Consequences of alcohol use: Gone to anyone for help to reduce your drinking

		Frequency	Percent	Valid Percent	Cumulative Percent
Valid	Did not answer	21	.6	.6	.6
	Never	3563	97.6	97.6	98.1
	Once	38	1.0	1.0	99.2
	Twice	16	.4	.4	99.6
	3-5 times	6	.2	.2	99.8
	6-9 times	3	.1	.1	99.9
	10+ times	5	.1	.1	100.0
	Total	3652	100.0	100.0	

Consequences of alcohol use: Been hurt or injured because of drinking

		Frequency	Percent	Valid Percent	Cumulative Percent
Valid	Did not answer	21	.6	.6	.6
	Never	3264	89.4	89.4	90.0
	Once	228	6.2	6.2	96.2
	Twice	82	2.2	2.2	98.4
	3-5 times	44	1.2	1.2	99.6
	6-9 times	6	.2	.2	99.8
	10+ times	7	.2	.2	100.0
	Total	3652	100.0	100.0	

Consequences of alcohol use: Been ticketed or arrested because of drinking

		Frequency	Percent	Valid Percent	Cumulative Percent
Valid	Did not answer	26	.7	.7	.7
	Never	3531	96.7	96.7	97.4
	Once	84	2.3	2.3	99.7
	Twice	5	.1	.1	99.8
	3-5 times	5	.1	.1	100.0
	10+ times	1	.0	.0	100.0
	Total	3652	100.0	100.0	

Consequences of alcohol use: Been arrested for drunk driving

		Frequency	Percent	Valid Percent	Cumulative Percent
Valid	Did not answer	24	.7	.7	.7
	Never	3612	98.9	98.9	99.6
	Once	12	.3	.3	99.9
	Twice	1	.0	.0	99.9
	3-5 times	1	.0	.0	99.9
	6-9 times	1	.0	.0	100.0
	10+ times	1	.0	.0	100.0
	Total	3652	100.0	100.0	

Consequences of alcohol use: Driven a car while under the influence

		Frequency	Percent	Valid Percent	Cumulative Percent
Valid	Did not answer	22	.6	.6	.6
	Never	3170	86.8	86.8	87.4
	Once	215	5.9	5.9	93.3
	Twice	122	3.3	3.3	96.6
	3-5 times	67	1.8	1.8	98.5
	6-9 times	27	.7	.7	99.2
	10+ times	29	.8	.8	100.0
	Total	3652	100.0	100.0	

Consequences of alcohol use: Gotten into physical fights when drinking

		Frequency	Percent	Valid Percent	Cumulative Percent
Valid	Did not answer	38	1.0	1.0	1.0
	Never	3464	94.9	94.9	95.9
	Once	98	2.7	2.7	98.6
	Twice	35	1.0	1.0	99.5
	3-5 times	15	.4	.4	99.9
	10+ times	2	.1	.1	100.0
	Total	3652	100.0	100.0	

Consequences of alcohol use: Experienced unwanted sexual attention

		Frequency	Percent	Valid Percent	Cumulative Percent
Valid	Did not answer	21	.6	.6	.6
	Never	3279	89.8	89.8	90.4
	Once	207	5.7	5.7	96.0
	Twice	84	2.3	2.3	98.3
	3-5 times	40	1.1	1.1	99.4
	6-9 times	9	.2	.2	99.7
	10+ times	12	.3	.3	100.0
	Total	3652	100.0	100.0	

Consequences of alcohol use: Engaged in risky sexual behavior

		Frequency	Percent	Valid Percent	Cumulative Percent
Valid	Did not answer	19	.5	.5	.5
	Never	3167	86.7	86.7	87.2
	Once	232	6.4	6.4	93.6
	Twice	121	3.3	3.3	96.9
	3-5 times	82	2.2	2.2	99.2
	6-9 times	13	.4	.4	99.5
	10+ times	18	.5	.5	100.0
	Total	3652	100.0	100.0	

Consequences of alcohol use: Missed class or assignments

		Frequency	Percent	Valid Percent	Cumulative Percent
Valid	Did not answer	24	.7	.7	.7
	Never	3100	84.9	84.9	85.5
	Once	258	7.1	7.1	92.6
	Twice	142	3.9	3.9	96.5
	3-5 times	83	2.3	2.3	98.8
	6-9 times	23	.6	.6	99.4
	10+ times	22	.6	.6	100.0
	Total	3652	100.0	100.0	

Consequences of alcohol use: Blacked out

		Frequency	Percent	Valid Percent	Cumulative Percent
Valid	Did not answer	24	.7	.7	.7
	Never	2670	73.1	73.1	73.8
	Once	398	10.9	10.9	84.7
	Twice	237	6.5	6.5	91.2
	3-5 times	197	5.4	5.4	96.5
	6-9 times	71	1.9	1.9	98.5
	10+ times	55	1.5	1.5	100.0
	Total	3652	100.0	100.0	

Usual type of alcohol consumed

		Frequency	Percent	Valid Percent	Cumulative Percent
Valid	Did not answer	49	1.3	1.3	1.3
	Beer	1025	28.1	28.1	29.4
	Malt beverages	366	10.0	10.0	39.4
	Wine	442	12.1	12.1	51.5
	Liquor	1652	45.2	45.2	96.8
	High alcohol drinks	53	1.5	1.5	98.2
	Some other type	65	1.8	1.8	100.0
	Total	3652	100.0	100.0	

Age

		Frequency	Percent	Valid Percent	Cumulative Percent
Valid	21 or older	2051	43.5	43.5	43.5
	Under 21	2660	56.5	56.5	100.0
	Total	4711	100.0	100.0	

Students under 21: 1st easiest way to get alcohol

		Frequency	Percent	Valid Percent	Cumulative Percent
Valid	Did not answer	47	2.4	2.4	2.4
	Older friends	1185	60.9	60.9	63.3
	Older siblings	90	4.6	4.6	67.9
	On-campus parties	76	3.9	3.9	71.8
	Fraternity or sorority houses	140	7.2	7.2	79.0
	Off-campus private parties	149	7.7	7.7	86.6
	Someone else on campus	106	5.4	5.4	92.1
	Buying it yourself	30	1.5	1.5	93.6
	Stealing it from store	2	.1	.1	93.7
	From parents without their knowledge	10	.5	.5	94.2
	From parents with their knowledge	112	5.8	5.8	100.0
	Total	1947	100.0	100.0	

Students under 21: 2nd easiest way to get alcohol

		Frequency	Percent	Valid Percent	Cumulative Percent
Valid	Did not answer	106	5.4	5.4	5.4
	Older friends	299	15.4	15.4	20.8
	Older siblings	254	13.0	13.0	33.8
	On-campus parties	216	11.1	11.1	44.9
	Fraternity or sorority houses	196	10.1	10.1	55.0
	Off-campus private parties	476	24.4	24.4	79.5
	Someone else on campus	208	10.7	10.7	90.1
	Buying it yourself	32	1.6	1.6	91.8
	Stealing it from store	2	.1	.1	91.9
	From parents without their knowledge	33	1.7	1.7	93.6
	From parents with their knowledge	125	6.4	6.4	100.0
	Total	1947	100.0	100.0	

Students under 21: 3rd easiest way to get alcohol

		Frequency	Percent	Valid Percent	Cumulative Percent
Valid	Did not answer	152	7.8	7.8	7.8
	Older friends	204	10.5	10.5	18.3
	Older siblings	136	7.0	7.0	25.3
	On-campus parties	193	9.9	9.9	35.2
	Fraternity or sorority houses	227	11.7	11.7	46.8
	Off-campus private parties	351	18.0	18.0	64.9
	Someone else on campus	328	16.8	16.8	81.7
	Buying it yourself	60	3.1	3.1	84.8
	Stealing it from store	4	.2	.2	85.0
	From parents without their knowledge	75	3.9	3.9	88.9
	From parents with their knowledge	217	11.1	11.1	100.0
	Total	1947	100.0	100.0	

Students under 21: Purchased alcohol from retailer

		Frequency	Percent	Valid Percent	Cumulative Percent
Valid	Did not answer	23	1.2	1.2	1.2
	Yes	179	9.2	9.2	10.4
	No	1745	89.6	89.6	100.0
	Total	1947	100.0	100.0	

Students under 21: Most common method to purchase alcohol from retailer

		Frequency	Percent	Valid Percent	Cumulative Percent
Valid	Did not answer	6	3.4	3.4	3.4
	Used a fake ID	48	26.8	26.8	30.2
	Used someone elses ID	37	20.7	20.7	50.8
	Bought alcohol without using an ID	88	49.2	49.2	100.0
	Total	179	100.0	100.0	

Students under 21: Easiest retail place to purchase alcohol

	Frequency	Percent	Valid Percent	Cumulative Percent
Valid Did not answer	4	2.2	2.2	2.2
Bar	61	34.1	34.1	36.3
Restaurant	40	22.3	22.3	58.7
Grocery store	12	6.7	6.7	65.4
Discount store	10	5.6	5.6	70.9
Convenience store	12	6.7	6.7	77.7
Drug store	8	4.5	4.5	82.1
Liquor store	31	17.3	17.3	99.4
Winery or microbrewery	1	.6	.6	100.0
Total	179	100.0	100.0	

Any drug use in the past 6 months

	Frequency	Percent	Valid Percent	Cumulative Percent
Valid Did not answer	5	.1	.1	.1
Yes	837	17.8	17.8	17.9
No	3869	82.1	82.1	100.0
Total	4711	100.0	100.0	

Consequences of drug use: Abused more than one drug at a time

	Frequency	Percent	Valid Percent	Cumulative Percent
Valid Did not answer	6	.7	.7	.7
Never	553	66.1	66.1	66.8
Once	60	7.2	7.2	74.0
Twice	56	6.7	6.7	80.6
3-5 times	85	10.2	10.2	90.8
6-9 times	25	3.0	3.0	93.8
10+ times	52	6.2	6.2	100.0
Total	837	100.0	100.0	

Consequences of drug use: Been unable to stop using drugs when you wanted to

		Frequency	Percent	Valid Percent	Cumulative Percent
Valid	Did not answer	5	.6	.6	.6
	Never	759	90.7	90.7	91.3
	Once	15	1.8	1.8	93.1
	Twice	9	1.1	1.1	94.1
	3-5 times	20	2.4	2.4	96.5
	6-9 times	4	.5	.5	97.0
	10+ times	25	3.0	3.0	100.0
	Total	837	100.0	100.0	

Consequences of drug use: Had blackouts or flashbacks

		Frequency	Percent	Valid Percent	Cumulative Percent
Valid	Did not answer	5	.6	.6	.6
	Never	723	86.4	86.4	87.0
	Once	47	5.6	5.6	92.6
	Twice	28	3.3	3.3	95.9
	3-5 times	20	2.4	2.4	98.3
	6-9 times	3	.4	.4	98.7
	10+ times	11	1.3	1.3	100.0
	Total	837	100.0	100.0	

Consequences of drug use: Felt bad or guilty about your drug use

		Frequency	Percent	Valid Percent	Cumulative Percent
Valid	Did not answer	6	.7	.7	.7
	Never	583	69.7	69.7	70.4
	Once	102	12.2	12.2	82.6
	Twice	63	7.5	7.5	90.1
	3-5 times	50	6.0	6.0	96.1
	6-9 times	16	1.9	1.9	98.0
	10+ times	17	2.0	2.0	100.0
	Total	837	100.0	100.0	

Consequences of drug use: Had friends or family members worry/complain about your drug use

		Frequency	Percent	Valid Percent	Cumulative Percent
Valid	Did not answer	8	1.0	1.0	1.0
	Never	695	83.0	83.0	84.0
	Once	57	6.8	6.8	90.8
	Twice	32	3.8	3.8	94.6
	3-5 times	32	3.8	3.8	98.4
	6-9 times	7	.8	.8	99.3
	10+ times	6	.7	.7	100.0
	Total	837	100.0	100.0	

Consequences of drug use: Created problems between you and your friends or family members

		Frequency	Percent	Valid Percent	Cumulative Percent
Valid	Did not answer	9	1.1	1.1	1.1
	Never	740	88.4	88.4	89.5
	Once	38	4.5	4.5	94.0
	Twice	18	2.2	2.2	96.2
	3-5 times	21	2.5	2.5	98.7
	6-9 times	2	.2	.2	98.9
	10+ times	9	1.1	1.1	100.0
	Total	837	100.0	100.0	

Consequences of drug use: Engaged in illegal activities in order to obtain drugs

		Frequency	Percent	Valid Percent	Cumulative Percent
Valid	Did not answer	6	.7	.7	.7
	Never	724	86.5	86.5	87.2
	Once	30	3.6	3.6	90.8
	Twice	18	2.2	2.2	93.0
	3-5 times	24	2.9	2.9	95.8
	6-9 times	10	1.2	1.2	97.0
	10+ times	25	3.0	3.0	100.0
	Total	837	100.0	100.0	

Consequences of drug use: Gotten into physical fights

		Frequency	Percent	Valid Percent	Cumulative Percent
Valid	Did not answer	7	.8	.8	.8
	Never	816	97.5	97.5	98.3
	Once	7	.8	.8	99.2
	Twice	3	.4	.4	99.5
	3-5 times	2	.2	.2	99.8
	6-9 times	2	.2	.2	100.0
	Total	837	100.0	100.0	

Consequences of drug use: Experienced withdrawal symptoms when you stopped taking drugs

		Frequency	Percent	Valid Percent	Cumulative Percent
Valid	Did not answer	9	1.1	1.1	1.1
	Never	782	93.4	93.4	94.5
	Once	14	1.7	1.7	96.2
	Twice	12	1.4	1.4	97.6
	3-5 times	16	1.9	1.9	99.5
	6-9 times	1	.1	.1	99.6
	10+ times	3	.4	.4	100.0
	Total	837	100.0	100.0	

Consequences of drug use: Had medical problems

		Frequency	Percent	Valid Percent	Cumulative Percent
Valid	Did not answer	6	.7	.7	.7
	Never	795	95.0	95.0	95.7
	Once	12	1.4	1.4	97.1
	Twice	7	.8	.8	98.0
	3-5 times	8	1.0	1.0	98.9
	6-9 times	2	.2	.2	99.2
	10+ times	7	.8	.8	100.0
	Total	837	100.0	100.0	

Consequences of drug use: Driven a car while under the influence of drugs

		Frequency	Percent	Valid Percent	Cumulative Percent
Valid	Did not answer	8	1.0	1.0	1.0
	Never	546	65.2	65.2	66.2
	Once	67	8.0	8.0	74.2
	Twice	40	4.8	4.8	79.0
	3-5 times	62	7.4	7.4	86.4
	6-9 times	23	2.7	2.7	89.1
	10+ times	91	10.9	10.9	100.0
	Total	837	100.0	100.0	

Consequences of drug use: Gotten in trouble at work or school

		Frequency	Percent	Valid Percent	Cumulative Percent
Valid	Did not answer	5	.6	.6	.6
	Never	804	96.1	96.1	96.7
	Once	18	2.2	2.2	98.8
	Twice	4	.5	.5	99.3
	3-5 times	1	.1	.1	99.4
	6-9 times	3	.4	.4	99.8
	10+ times	2	.2	.2	100.0
	Total	837	100.0	100.0	

Consequences of drug use: Been in vulnerable situations

		Frequency	Percent	Valid Percent	Cumulative Percent
Valid	Did not answer	8	1.0	1.0	1.0
	Never	778	93.0	93.0	93.9
	Once	20	2.4	2.4	96.3
	Twice	9	1.1	1.1	97.4
	3-5 times	15	1.8	1.8	99.2
	6-9 times	3	.4	.4	99.5
	10+ times	4	.5	.5	100.0
	Total	837	100.0	100.0	

Consequences of drug use: Engaged in risky sexual behavior

		Frequency	Percent	Valid Percent	Cumulative Percent
Valid	Did not answer	6	.7	.7	.7
	Never	746	89.1	89.1	89.8
	Once	29	3.5	3.5	93.3
	Twice	18	2.2	2.2	95.5
	3-5 times	21	2.5	2.5	98.0
	6-9 times	4	.5	.5	98.4
	10+ times	13	1.6	1.6	100.0
	Total	837	100.0	100.0	

Consequences of drug use: Failed a class

		Frequency	Percent	Valid Percent	Cumulative Percent
Valid	Did not answer	6	.7	.7	.7
	Never	805	96.2	96.2	96.9
	Once	18	2.2	2.2	99.0
	Twice	3	.4	.4	99.4
	3-5 times	2	.2	.2	99.6
	10+ times	3	.4	.4	100.0
	Total	837	100.0	100.0	

Consequences of drug use: Missed class or assignments

		Frequency	Percent	Valid Percent	Cumulative Percent
Valid	Did not answer	8	1.0	1.0	1.0
	Never	702	83.9	83.9	84.8
	Once	40	4.8	4.8	89.6
	Twice	27	3.2	3.2	92.8
	3-5 times	31	3.7	3.7	96.5
	6-9 times	11	1.3	1.3	97.8
	10+ times	18	2.2	2.2	100.0
	Total	837	100.0	100.0	

How do you think other students on campus feel about: Trying marijuana once or twice

		Frequency	Percent	Valid Percent	Cumulative Percent
Valid	Did not answer	28	.6	.6	.6
	Strongly approve	937	19.9	19.9	20.5
	Somewhat approve	1784	37.9	37.9	58.4
	Neither approve or disapprove	1229	26.1	26.1	84.4
	Somewhat disapprove	357	7.6	7.6	92.0
	Strongly disapprove	376	8.0	8.0	100.0
	Total	4711	100.0	100.0	

How do you think other students on campus feel about: Smoking marijuana occasionally

		Frequency	Percent	Valid Percent	Cumulative Percent
Valid	Did not answer	29	.6	.6	.6
	Strongly approve	600	12.7	12.7	13.4
	Somewhat approve	1678	35.6	35.6	49.0
	Neither approve or disapprove	1338	28.4	28.4	77.4
	Somewhat disapprove	603	12.8	12.8	90.2
	Strongly disapprove	463	9.8	9.8	100.0
	Total	4711	100.0	100.0	

How do you think other students on campus feel about: Smoking marijuana regularly

		Frequency	Percent	Valid Percent	Cumulative Percent
Valid	Did not answer	46	1.0	1.0	1.0
	Strongly approve	348	7.4	7.4	8.4
	Somewhat approve	939	19.9	19.9	28.3
	Neither approve or disapprove	1396	29.6	29.6	57.9
	Somewhat disapprove	1114	23.6	23.6	81.6
	Strongly disapprove	868	18.4	18.4	100.0
	Total	4711	100.0	100.0	

How do you think other students on campus feel about: Trying cocaine once or twice

		Frequency	Percent	Valid Percent	Cumulative Percent
Valid	Did not answer	47	1.0	1.0	1.0
	Strongly approve	66	1.4	1.4	2.4
	Somewhat approve	305	6.5	6.5	8.9
	Neither approve or disapprove	833	17.7	17.7	26.6
	Somewhat disapprove	1437	30.5	30.5	57.1
	Strongly disapprove	2023	42.9	42.9	100.0
	Total	4711	100.0	100.0	

How do you think other students on campus feel about: Taking cocaine regularly

		Frequency	Percent	Valid Percent	Cumulative Percent
Valid	Did not answer	54	1.1	1.1	1.1
	Strongly approve	43	.9	.9	2.1
	Somewhat approve	92	2.0	2.0	4.0
	Neither approve or disapprove	551	11.7	11.7	15.7
	Somewhat disapprove	772	16.4	16.4	32.1
	Strongly disapprove	3199	67.9	67.9	100.0
	Total	4711	100.0	100.0	

How do you think other students on campus feel about: Trying amphetamines once or twice

		Frequency	Percent	Valid Percent	Cumulative Percent
Valid	Did not answer	35	.7	.7	.7
	Strongly approve	412	8.7	8.7	9.5
	Somewhat approve	1020	21.7	21.7	31.1
	Neither approve or disapprove	1284	27.3	27.3	58.4
	Somewhat disapprove	768	16.3	16.3	74.7
	Strongly disapprove	1192	25.3	25.3	100.0
	Total	4711	100.0	100.0	

How do you think other students on campus feel about: Taking amphetamines regularly

		Frequency	Percent	Valid Percent	Cumulative Percent
Valid	Did not answer	65	1.4	1.4	1.4
	Strongly approve	168	3.6	3.6	4.9
	Somewhat approve	454	9.6	9.6	14.6
	Neither approve or disapprove	1053	22.4	22.4	36.9
	Somewhat disapprove	1048	22.2	22.2	59.2
	Strongly disapprove	1923	40.8	40.8	100.0
	Total	4711	100.0	100.0	

How do you think other students on campus feel about: Having one or two alcoholic drinks nearly every day

		Frequency	Percent	Valid Percent	Cumulative Percent
Valid	Did not answer	26	.6	.6	.6
	Strongly approve	515	10.9	10.9	11.5
	Somewhat approve	1150	24.4	24.4	35.9
	Neither approve or disapprove	1399	29.7	29.7	65.6
	Somewhat disapprove	977	20.7	20.7	86.3
	Strongly disapprove	644	13.7	13.7	100.0
	Total	4711	100.0	100.0	

How do you think other students on campus feel about: Having three or four alcoholic drinks nearly every day

		Frequency	Percent	Valid Percent	Cumulative Percent
Valid	Did not answer	36	.8	.8	.8
	Strongly approve	251	5.3	5.3	6.1
	Somewhat approve	611	13.0	13.0	19.1
	Neither approve or disapprove	1123	23.8	23.8	42.9
	Somewhat disapprove	1238	26.3	26.3	69.2
	Strongly disapprove	1452	30.8	30.8	100.0
	Total	4711	100.0	100.0	

How do you think other students on campus feel about: Having five or more drinks in one sitting

		Frequency	Percent	Valid Percent	Cumulative Percent
Valid	Did not answer	46	1.0	1.0	1.0
	Strongly approve	447	9.5	9.5	10.5
	Somewhat approve	902	19.1	19.1	29.6
	Neither approve or disapprove	1280	27.2	27.2	56.8
	Somewhat disapprove	865	18.4	18.4	75.1
	Strongly disapprove	1171	24.9	24.9	100.0
	Total	4711	100.0	100.0	

How do you think other students on campus feel about: Taking steroids for body building or improved athletic performance

		Frequency	Percent	Valid Percent	Cumulative Percent
Valid	Did not answer	38	.8	.8	.8
	Strongly approve	99	2.1	2.1	2.9
	Somewhat approve	371	7.9	7.9	10.8
	Neither approve or disapprove	1163	24.7	24.7	35.5
	Somewhat disapprove	1197	25.4	25.4	60.9
	Strongly disapprove	1843	39.1	39.1	100.0
	Total	4711	100.0	100.0	

Perceived number of alcoholic drinks consumed by the typical student at the last party

		Frequency	Percent	Valid Percent	Cumulative Percent
Valid	Did not answer	23	.5	.5	.5
	0	94	2.0	2.0	2.5
	1	45	1.0	1.0	3.4
	2	209	4.4	4.4	7.9
	3	581	12.3	12.3	20.2
	4	680	14.4	14.4	34.6
	5	938	19.9	19.9	54.6
	6	632	13.4	13.4	68.0
	7	433	9.2	9.2	77.2
	8	378	8.0	8.0	85.2
	9	99	2.1	2.1	87.3
	10	376	8.0	8.0	95.3
	11	18	.4	.4	95.6
	12	67	1.4	1.4	97.1
	13	8	.2	.2	97.2
	14	16	.3	.3	97.6
	15	48	1.0	1.0	98.6
	16	7	.1	.1	98.7
	17	2	.0	.0	98.8
	18	4	.1	.1	98.9
	19	1	.0	.0	98.9
	20	19	.4	.4	99.3
	22	2	.0	.0	99.3
	23	1	.0	.0	99.4
	24	4	.1	.1	99.4
	25	3	.1	.1	99.5
	27	2	.0	.0	99.6
	28	1	.0	.0	99.6
	30	20	.4	.4	100.0
	Total	4711	100.0	100.0	

Gambling in past year: Played cards at home

		Frequency	Percent	Valid Percent	Cumulative Percent
Valid	Did not answer	22	.5	.5	.5
	Never	4019	85.3	85.3	85.8
	1-2 times per year	386	8.2	8.2	94.0
	3-6 times per year	172	3.7	3.7	97.6
	Monthly	82	1.7	1.7	99.4
	Weekly	20	.4	.4	99.8
	3+ times per week	10	.2	.2	100.0
	Total	4711	100.0	100.0	

Gambling in past year: Gambled at a casino

		Frequency	Percent	Valid Percent	Cumulative Percent
Valid	Did not answer	26	.6	.6	.6
	Never	4135	87.8	87.8	88.3
	1-2 times per year	439	9.3	9.3	97.6
	3-6 times per year	83	1.8	1.8	99.4
	Monthly	22	.5	.5	99.9
	Weekly	4	.1	.1	100.0
	3+ times per week	2	.0	.0	100.0
	Total	4711	100.0	100.0	

Gambling in past year: Gambled on-line

		Frequency	Percent	Valid Percent	Cumulative Percent
Valid	Did not answer	39	.8	.8	.8
	Never	4610	97.9	97.9	98.7
	1-2 times per year	25	.5	.5	99.2
	3-6 times per year	17	.4	.4	99.6
	Monthly	12	.3	.3	99.8
	Weekly	4	.1	.1	99.9
	3+ times per week	4	.1	.1	100.0
	Total	4711	100.0	100.0	

Gambling in past year: Gambled at informal locations

		Frequency	Percent	Valid Percent	Cumulative Percent
Valid	Did not answer	23	.5	.5	.5
	Never	4627	98.2	98.2	98.7
	1-2 times per year	28	.6	.6	99.3
	3-6 times per year	16	.3	.3	99.6
	Monthly	8	.2	.2	99.8
	Weekly	3	.1	.1	99.9
	3+ times per week	6	.1	.1	100.0
	Total	4711	100.0	100.0	

Gambling in past year: Bet on fantasy football/basketball

		Frequency	Percent	Valid Percent	Cumulative Percent
Valid	Did not answer	26	.6	.6	.6
	Never	4266	90.6	90.6	91.1
	1-2 times per year	303	6.4	6.4	97.5
	3-6 times per year	79	1.7	1.7	99.2
	Monthly	18	.4	.4	99.6
	Weekly	11	.2	.2	99.8
	3+ times per week	8	.2	.2	100.0
	Total	4711	100.0	100.0	

Gambling in past year: Betting pools

		Frequency	Percent	Valid Percent	Cumulative Percent
Valid	Did not answer	35	.7	.7	.7
	Never	4110	87.2	87.2	88.0
	1-2 times per year	482	10.2	10.2	98.2
	3-6 times per year	59	1.3	1.3	99.5
	Monthly	12	.3	.3	99.7
	Weekly	6	.1	.1	99.9
	3+ times per week	7	.1	.1	100.0
	Total	4711	100.0	100.0	

Gambling in past year: Lottery

		Frequency	Percent	Valid Percent	Cumulative Percent
Valid	Did not answer	32	.7	.7	.7
	Never	3199	67.9	67.9	68.6
	1-2 times per year	897	19.0	19.0	87.6
	3-6 times per year	417	8.9	8.9	96.5
	Monthly	120	2.5	2.5	99.0
	Weekly	34	.7	.7	99.7
	3+ times per week	12	.3	.3	100.0
	Total	4711	100.0	100.0	

Gambling in past year: Placed bet with bookie

		Frequency	Percent	Valid Percent	Cumulative Percent
Valid	Did not answer	44	.9	.9	.9
	Never	4610	97.9	97.9	98.8
	1-2 times per year	24	.5	.5	99.3
	3-6 times per year	10	.2	.2	99.5
	Monthly	10	.2	.2	99.7
	Weekly	5	.1	.1	99.8
	3+ times per week	8	.2	.2	100.0
	Total	4711	100.0	100.0	

Location where you gambled most frequently in past year

		Frequency	Percent	Valid Percent	Cumulative Percent
Valid	Did not answer	88	1.9	1.9	1.9
	I did not gamble in the past year	3223	68.4	68.4	70.3
	I only gambled online or playing the lottery	475	10.1	10.1	80.4
	Apartment/House	283	6.0	6.0	86.4
	Residence hall	45	1.0	1.0	87.3
	Fraternity/Sorority	21	.4	.4	87.8
	Casino	404	8.6	8.6	96.3
	Other	172	3.7	3.7	100.0
	Total	4711	100.0	100.0	

Consequences of gambling: Academic problems

		Frequency	Percent	Valid Percent	Cumulative Percent
Valid	Did not answer	31	.7	.7	.7
	I do not gamble	3460	73.4	73.4	74.1
	None	1215	25.8	25.8	99.9
	Occasionally	4	.1	.1	100.0
	Frequently	1	.0	.0	100.0
	Total	4711	100.0	100.0	

Consequences of gambling: Issues with legal system

		Frequency	Percent	Valid Percent	Cumulative Percent
Valid	Did not answer	41	.9	.9	.9
	I do not gamble	3447	73.2	73.2	74.0
	None	1219	25.9	25.9	99.9
	Occasionally	4	.1	.1	100.0
	Total	4711	100.0	100.0	

Consequences of gambling: Financial issues

		Frequency	Percent	Valid Percent	Cumulative Percent
Valid	Did not answer	43	.9	.9	.9
	I do not gamble	3444	73.1	73.1	74.0
	None	1193	25.3	25.3	99.3
	Occasionally	29	.6	.6	100.0
	Frequently	2	.0	.0	100.0
	Total	4711	100.0	100.0	

Consequences of gambling: Felt bad about gambling

		Frequency	Percent	Valid Percent	Cumulative Percent
Valid	Did not answer	46	1.0	1.0	1.0
	I do not gamble	3438	73.0	73.0	74.0
	None	1162	24.7	24.7	98.6
	Occasionally	60	1.3	1.3	99.9
	Frequently	5	.1	.1	100.0
	Total	4711	100.0	100.0	

Consequences of gambling: Poor physical health

		Frequency	Percent	Valid Percent	Cumulative Percent
Valid	Did not answer	45	1.0	1.0	1.0
	I do not gamble	3446	73.1	73.1	74.1
	None	1214	25.8	25.8	99.9
	Occasionally	4	.1	.1	100.0
	Frequently	2	.0	.0	100.0
	Total	4711	100.0	100.0	

Consequences of gambling: Issues with friends and family

		Frequency	Percent	Valid Percent	Cumulative Percent
Valid	Did not answer	78	1.7	1.7	1.7
	I do not gamble	3422	72.6	72.6	74.3
	None	1203	25.5	25.5	99.8
	Occasionally	8	.2	.2	100.0
	Total	4711	100.0	100.0	

Number of days in past month that mental health was not good

		Frequency	Percent	Valid Percent	Cumulative Percent
Valid	Did not answer	261	5.5	5.5	5.5
	0	1174	24.9	24.9	30.5
	1	254	5.4	5.4	35.9
	2	425	9.0	9.0	44.9
	3	338	7.2	7.2	52.0
	4	201	4.3	4.3	56.3
	5	363	7.7	7.7	64.0
	6	91	1.9	1.9	66.0
	7	129	2.7	2.7	68.7
	8	69	1.5	1.5	70.2
	9	42	.9	.9	71.0
	10	271	5.8	5.8	76.8
	11	9	.2	.2	77.0
	12	31	.7	.7	77.6
	13	16	.3	.3	78.0
	14	26	.6	.6	78.5
	15	166	3.5	3.5	82.1
	16	13	.3	.3	82.3
	17	18	.4	.4	82.7
	18	15	.3	.3	83.0

Number of days in past month that mental health was not good

	Frequency	Percent	Valid Percent	Cumulative Percent
19	6	.1	.1	83.2
20	107	2.3	2.3	85.4
21	5	.1	.1	85.5
22	12	.3	.3	85.8
23	6	.1	.1	85.9
24	12	.3	.3	86.2
25	55	1.2	1.2	87.3
26	7	.1	.1	87.5
27	10	.2	.2	87.7
28	18	.4	.4	88.1
29	7	.1	.1	88.2
30	99	2.1	2.1	90.3
Dont Know	455	9.7	9.7	100.0
Total	4711	100.0	100.0	

Number of days in past 2 weeks that you had suicidal thoughts or thoughts of hurting yourself

	Frequency	Percent	Valid Percent	Cumulative Percent
Valid Did not answer	252	5.3	5.3	5.3
0	3768	80.0	80.0	85.3
1	216	4.6	4.6	89.9
2	164	3.5	3.5	93.4
3	68	1.4	1.4	94.8
4	50	1.1	1.1	95.9
5	55	1.2	1.2	97.1
6	13	.3	.3	97.3
7	17	.4	.4	97.7
8	10	.2	.2	97.9
9	7	.1	.1	98.1
10	29	.6	.6	98.7
11	7	.1	.1	98.8
12	13	.3	.3	99.1
13	5	.1	.1	99.2
14	37	.8	.8	100.0
Total	4711	100.0	100.0	

Gender

		Frequency	Percent	Valid Percent	Cumulative Percent
Valid	Male	1759	37.3	37.3	37.3
	Female	2952	62.7	62.7	100.0
	Total	4711	100.0	100.0	

Sexual identification

		Frequency	Percent	Valid Percent	Cumulative Percent
Valid	Did not answer	5	.1	.1	.1
	Heterosexual	4375	92.9	92.9	93.0
	Gay or Lesbian	101	2.1	2.1	95.1
	Bi-sexual	139	3.0	3.0	98.1
	Other	41	.9	.9	98.9
	Do not know/Not sure	50	1.1	1.1	100.0
	Total	4711	100.0	100.0	

Ethnicity

		Frequency	Percent	Valid Percent	Cumulative Percent
Valid	Did not answer	24	.5	.5	.5
	Hispanic	231	4.9	4.9	5.4
	Non-Hispanic	4456	94.6	94.6	100.0
	Total	4711	100.0	100.0	

Race

		Frequency	Percent	Valid Percent	Cumulative Percent
Valid	Did not answer	25	.5	.5	.5
	White	4056	86.1	86.1	86.6
	Black	252	5.3	5.3	92.0
	Asian	127	2.7	2.7	94.7
	Native American or Alaskan Native	14	.3	.3	95.0
	Hawaiian or Pacific Islander	4	.1	.1	95.1
	More than one race	141	3.0	3.0	98.0
	Other	92	2.0	2.0	100.0
	Total	4711	100.0	100.0	

Marital status

		Frequency	Percent	Valid Percent	Cumulative Percent
Valid	Did not answer	14	.3	.3	.3
	Single, never married	4207	89.3	89.3	89.6
	Single, living with partner	275	5.8	5.8	95.4
	Married	156	3.3	3.3	98.7
	Separated	8	.2	.2	98.9
	Divorced	46	1.0	1.0	99.9
	Widowed	5	.1	.1	100.0
	Total	4711	100.0	100.0	

Student status

		Frequency	Percent	Valid Percent	Cumulative Percent
Valid	Did not answer	25	.5	.5	.5
	Full-time	4509	95.7	95.7	96.2
	Part-time	177	3.8	3.8	100.0
	Total	4711	100.0	100.0	

Classification

		Frequency	Percent	Valid Percent	Cumulative Percent
Valid	Did not answer	9	.2	.2	.2
	Freshman or first year	1407	29.9	29.9	30.1
	Sophomore or second year	1146	24.3	24.3	54.4
	Junior	1040	22.1	22.1	76.5
	Senior	1017	21.6	21.6	98.0
	Grad or professional	55	1.2	1.2	99.2
	Not seeking a degree	11	.2	.2	99.4
	Other	26	.6	.6	100.0
	Total	4711	100.0	100.0	

Location of current residence

		Frequency	Percent	Valid Percent	Cumulative Percent
Valid	Did not answer	19	.4	.4	.4
	On-campus	2683	57.0	57.0	57.4
	Off-campus	2009	42.6	42.6	100.0
	Total	4711	100.0	100.0	

Housing type

		Frequency	Percent	Valid Percent	Cumulative Percent
Valid	Did not answer	19	.4	.4	.4
	House or apartment	2324	49.3	49.3	49.7
	Residence hall	1931	41.0	41.0	90.7
	Fraternity or sorority	251	5.3	5.3	96.1
	Other campus housing	98	2.1	2.1	98.1
	Other	88	1.9	1.9	100.0
	Total	4711	100.0	100.0	

With whom do you live: Alone

		Frequency	Percent	Valid Percent	Cumulative Percent
Valid	Did not answer	4136	87.8	87.8	87.8
	Yes	575	12.2	12.2	100.0
	Total	4711	100.0	100.0	

With whom do you live: With roommates

		Frequency	Percent	Valid Percent	Cumulative Percent
Valid	Did not answer	1407	29.9	29.9	29.9
	Yes	3304	70.1	70.1	100.0
	Total	4711	100.0	100.0	

With whom do you live: With parents

		Frequency	Percent	Valid Percent	Cumulative Percent
Valid	Did not answer	4105	87.1	87.1	87.1
	Yes	606	12.9	12.9	100.0
	Total	4711	100.0	100.0	

With whom do you live: With spouse

		Frequency	Percent	Valid Percent	Cumulative Percent
Valid	Did not answer	4495	95.4	95.4	95.4
	Yes	216	4.6	4.6	100.0
	Total	4711	100.0	100.0	

With whom do you live: With children

		Frequency	Percent	Valid Percent	Cumulative Percent
Valid	Did not answer	4559	96.8	96.8	96.8
	Yes	152	3.2	3.2	100.0
	Total	4711	100.0	100.0	

With whom do you live: Other

		Frequency	Percent	Valid Percent	Cumulative Percent
Valid	Did not answer	4567	96.9	96.9	96.9
	Yes	144	3.1	3.1	100.0
	Total	4711	100.0	100.0	

Employment status

		Frequency	Percent	Valid Percent	Cumulative Percent
Valid	Did not answer	17	.4	.4	.4
	Full-time	285	6.0	6.0	6.4
	Part-time	2344	49.8	49.8	56.2
	None	2065	43.8	43.8	100.0
	Total	4711	100.0	100.0	

Military status

		Frequency	Percent	Valid Percent	Cumulative Percent
Valid	Did not answer	10	.2	.2	.2
	Have served	55	1.2	1.2	1.4
	Have not served	4646	98.6	98.6	100.0
	Total	4711	100.0	100.0	

1. How many times in the past **year** have you used...? (Mark one for each line.)

	Never	1-5 times	6-19 times	20-39 times	40 times or more
a. Cigarettes	A	B	C	D	E
b. Cigars	A	B	C	D	E
c. Chewing/smokeless tobacco	A	B	C	D	E
d. Smoking tobacco with hookah/water pipe	A	B	C	D	E
e. Alcohol (beer, wine, liquor)	A	B	C	D	E
f. Marijuana (pot, hashish, hash oil)	A	B	C	D	E
g. Cocaine (crack, rock, freebase)	A	B	C	D	E
h. Hallucinogens (LSD, PCP, ecstasy)	A	B	C	D	E
i. Heroin	A	B	C	D	E
j. Inhalants (glue, solvents, gas)	A	B	C	D	E
k. Prescription pills that are not prescribed to you	A	B	C	D	E
l. Medications prescribed to you, but you used to get high	A	B	C	D	E
m. Over-the-counter medications to get high	A	B	C	D	E
n. Methamphetamine	A	B	C	D	E
o. Other illegal drugs	A	B	C	D	E

2. How many times in the past **month** have you used...? (Mark one for each line.)

	Never	1-5 times	6-19 times	20-39 times	40 times or more
a. Cigarettes	A	B	C	D	E
b. Cigars	A	B	C	D	E
c. Chewing/smokeless tobacco	A	B	C	D	E
d. Smoking tobacco with hookah/water pipe	A	B	C	D	E
e. Alcohol (beer, wine, liquor)	A	B	C	D	E
f. Marijuana (pot, hashish, hash oil)	A	B	C	D	E
g. Cocaine (crack, rock, freebase)	A	B	C	D	E
h. Hallucinogens (LSD, PCP, ecstasy)	A	B	C	D	E
i. Heroin	A	B	C	D	E
j. Inhalants (glue, solvents, gas)	A	B	C	D	E
k. Prescription pills that are not prescribed to you	A	B	C	D	E
l. Medications prescribed to you, but you used to get high	A	B	C	D	E
m. Over-the-counter medications to get high	A	B	C	D	E
n. Methamphetamine	A	B	C	D	E
o. Other illegal drugs	A	B	C	D	E

Use this definition for the following two questions.
One drink is a 12-ounce bottle of beer, a 5-ounce glass of wine, or
one shot of liquor straight or in a mixed drink.

3. During the **past 30 days**, on how many **days** did you drink 5 or more alcoholic drinks (for males) or 4 or more alcoholic drinks (for females) in 2-3 hours or less? (If zero, enter 00. If less than 10, enter 01, 02, 03, etc.)

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4. Think back over the **last two weeks**. How many **times** have you had 5 or more alcoholic drinks (for males) or 4 or more alcoholic drinks (for females) in 2-3 hours or less? (If zero, enter 00. If less than 10, enter 01, 02, 03, etc.)

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5. How old were you when you **first used**... (Mark one for each line.)

	Did not use	Under 10	10- 11	12- 13	14- 15	16- 17	18- 20	21- 25	26+
a. Cigarettes	A	B	C	D	E	F	G	H	I
b. Cigars	A	B	C	D	E	F	G	H	I
c. Chewing/smokeless tobacco	A	B	C	D	E	F	G	H	I
d. Smoked tobacco with hookah/water pipe	A	B	C	D	E	F	G	H	I
e. Alcohol (beer, wine, liquor)	A	B	C	D	E	F	G	H	I
f. Marijuana (pot, hashish, hash oil)	A	B	C	D	E	F	G	H	I
g. Cocaine (crack, rock, freebase)	A	B	C	D	E	F	G	H	I
h. Hallucinogens (LSD, PCP, ecstasy)	A	B	C	D	E	F	G	H	I
i. Heroin	A	B	C	D	E	F	G	H	I
j. Inhalants (glue, solvents, gas)	A	B	C	D	E	F	G	H	I
k. Prescription pills that are not prescribed to you	A	B	C	D	E	F	G	H	I
l. Medications prescribed to you, but you used to get high	A	B	C	D	E	F	G	H	I
m. Over-the-counter medications to get high	A	B	C	D	E	F	G	H	I
n. Methamphetamine	A	B	C	D	E	F	G	H	I
o. Other illegal drugs	A	B	C	D	E	F	G	H	I

6. **In the last 6 months**, how many times have you used the following drugs ***without*** a prescription? (Mark one for each line.)

	Did not use	Once	Every other month	Once/ month	Once/ week	3 times/ week	5 times/ week	Every day
a. Adderall	A	B	C	D	E	F	G	H
b. Ritalin	A	B	C	D	E	F	G	H
c. Xanax	A	B	C	D	E	F	G	H
d. Codeine	A	B	C	D	E	F	G	H
e. Vicodin	A	B	C	D	E	F	G	H
f. Lortab	A	B	C	D	E	F	G	H
g. Percocet	A	B	C	D	E	F	G	H
h. Oxycontin	A	B	C	D	E	F	G	H
i. Morphine	A	B	C	D	E	F	G	H
j. Methadone	A	B	C	D	E	F	G	H
k. Steroids	A	B	C	D	E	F	G	H

7. Did you drink alcohol in the **last 6 months**?

- A. Yes (Go to question #8)
B. No (Go to Question #13)

8. Did you drink alcoholic beverages for any of the following reasons in the **last 6 months**? (Mark one for each line.)

	Yes	No	Unsure
a. To experiment (to see what it's like)	Y	N	U
b. Because I am "hooked" (I feel I have to drink)	Y	N	U
c. To relax or relieve tension	Y	N	U
d. To feel good or get high	Y	N	U
e. To seek deeper insights and understanding	Y	N	U
f. To have a good time with my friends	Y	N	U
g. To fit in with a group I like	Y	N	U
h. Because of boredom, nothing else to do	Y	N	U
i. Because of anger or frustration	Y	N	U
j. To get through the day	Y	N	U
k. To increase the effects of some other drug(s)	Y	N	U
l. To decrease (offset) the effects of some other drug(s)	Y	N	U
m. To get to sleep	Y	N	U
n. Because it tastes good	Y	N	U
o. To get away from my problems or troubles	Y	N	U

9. Have you combined alcohol with energy drinks (e.g., Red Bull, Monster) in the past 6 months?
Y N

10. Have you combined alcohol with stimulants (e.g., Adderall, Ritalin) in the past 6 months?
Y N

11. Have you experienced the following due to your **drinking in the last 6 months.** (Mark one for each line.)

		Number of Times					
		Never	Once	Twice	3-5 times	6-9 times	10+ times
a.	Had friends or family members worry or complain about your drinking	A	B	C	D	E	F
b.	Had a hangover	A	B	C	D	E	F
c.	Felt bad or guilty about your drinking	A	B	C	D	E	F
d.	Been unable to stop drinking when you wanted to	A	B	C	D	E	F
e.	Created problems between you and your friends or family members	A	B	C	D	E	F
f.	Gotten into trouble at work or school because of drinking	A	B	C	D	E	F
g.	Gone to anyone for help to reduce your drinking	A	B	C	D	E	F
h.	Been hurt or injured because of drinking	A	B	C	D	E	F
i.	Been ticketed or arrested because of your drinking	A	B	C	D	E	F
j.	Been arrested for drunk driving	A	B	C	D	E	F
k.	Driven a car while under the influence	A	B	C	D	E	F
l.	Gotten into physical fights when drinking	A	B	C	D	E	F
m.	Experienced unwanted sexual attention such as being touched when you don't want to be, forced kissing, etc.	A	B	C	D	E	F
n.	Engaged in risky sexual behavior such as having unprotected sex or sex with someone you just met because you were drinking	A	B	C	D	E	F
o.	Missed class or an assignment	A	B	C	D	E	F
p.	Forgot where you were or what you did (blacked out)	A	B	C	D	E	F

12. If you drank alcohol in the **past 6 months**, what type of alcohol did you **usually** drink? (Mark one only)

- a. Beer
- b. Malt beverages, such as Smirnoff Ice, Bacardi Silver, Hard Lemonade
- c. Wine
- d. Liquor, such as vodka, rum, whiskey
- e. High alcohol drinks, such as Everclear, Bacardi 151, 99 bananas
- f. Some other type

13. Are you 21 years or older?

- a. No, I am under 21 years old
- b. Yes

***** IF YOU ARE 21 OR OLDER, SKIP TO QUESTION #18**

*****IF YOU ARE UNDER 21 AND DID NOT DRINK ALCOHOL IN THE PAST YEAR, SKIP TO QUESTION #18*****

14. IF YOU ARE UNDER 21 and drink alcohol, what are the **three easiest ways** for you to get alcohol?

- A. older friends
- B. older siblings
- C. on-campus parties
- D. fraternity or sorority houses
- E. off-campus private parties (apartments, houses)
- F. someone else on-campus gives it to you
- G. buying it yourself
- H. stealing it from store
- I. from parents without their knowledge
- J. from parents with their knowledge

First easiest: _____ **Second easiest:** _____ **Third easiest:** _____

(Please place your choice on the response sheet)

15. IF YOU ARE UNDER 21, have you bought alcohol from a retailer (bar, restaurant, store, etc.) in the past **6 months**?

- A. Yes
- B. No

***** IF YOU ANSWERED “NO”, SKIP TO QUESTION #18**

16. IF YOU ARE UNDER 21 and have bought alcohol from a retailer, which is the most common method? (Mark one.)

- A. Used a fake ID to buy alcohol
- B. Used someone else's ID to buy alcohol
- C. Bought alcohol without using an ID

17. IF YOU ARE UNDER 21 and have bought alcohol from a retailer, where are you most easily able to purchase alcohol? (Mark one.)

- A. Bar
- B. Restaurant
- C. Grocery store (e.g., Kroger, Marsh)
- D. Discount store (e.g., Wal-Mart, Target)
- E. Convenience store (e.g., Village Pantry, Circle K)
- F. Drug store (e.g., CVS)
- G. Liquor store
- H. Winery/microbrewery

18. Did you use other drugs (e.g., illegal drugs, misuse of medications) in the past **6 months**?

- A. Yes (go to question #19)
- B. No (go to question #20)

19. Have you experienced the following due to your use of drugs **in the past 6 months**. (Mark one for each line.)

		Number of Times					10 or more
		Never	Once	Twice	3-5	6-9	
a.	Abused more than one drug at a time	A	B	C	D	E	F
b.	Been unable to stop using drugs when you wanted to	A	B	C	D	E	F
c.	Had blackouts or flashbacks as a result of drug use	A	B	C	D	E	F
d.	Felt bad or guilty about your drug use	A	B	C	D	E	F
e.	Had friends or family members worry or complain about your drug use	A	B	C	D	E	F
f.	Created problems between you and your friends or family members	A	B	C	D	E	F
g.	Engaged in illegal activities in order to obtain drugs	A	B	C	D	E	F
h.	Gotten into physical fights because you were using drugs	A	B	C	D	E	F
i.	Experienced withdrawal symptoms (felt sick) when you stopped taking drugs	A	B	C	D	E	F
j.	Had medical problems as a result of your drug use (e.g. memory loss, infections, convulsions, bleeding)	A	B	C	D	E	F
k.	Driven a car while under the influence of drugs	A	B	C	D	E	F
l.	Gotten in trouble at work or school because of your drug use	A	B	C	D	E	F
m.	Been in vulnerable situations (e.g., could have been hurt and/or date raped when using drugs)	A	B	C	D	E	F
n.	Engaged in risky sexual behavior such as having unprotected sex or sex with someone you just met because you were using drugs	A	B	C	D	E	F
o.	Failed a class because of drug use	A	B	C	D	E	F
p.	Missed class or an assignment due to drug use	A	B	C	D	E	F

20. How do you think other students on campus feel (or would feel) about... (Mark one for each line.)

	Strongly approve	Somewhat approve	Neither approve or disapprove	Somewhat disapprove	Strongly disapprove
a. Trying marijuana once or twice	A	B	C	D	E
b. Smoking marijuana occasionally	A	B	C	D	E
c. Smoking marijuana regularly	A	B	C	D	E
d. Trying cocaine once or twice	A	B	C	D	E
e. Taking cocaine regularly	A	B	C	D	E
f. Trying amphetamines (e.g., Adderall, Ritalin) once or twice	A	B	C	D	E
g. Taking amphetamines regularly	A	B	C	D	E
h. Having one or two alcoholic drinks nearly every day	A	B	C	D	E
i. Having three or four alcoholic drinks nearly every day	A	B	C	D	E
j. Having five or more alcoholic drinks in one sitting	A	B	C	D	E
k. Taking steroids for body building or improved athletic performance	A	B	C	D	E

Use this definition for the next question.
One drink is a 12-ounce bottle of beer, a 5-ounce glass of wine, or
one shot of liquor straight or in a mixed drink.

21. How many alcoholic drinks do you think the typical student at your school had the last time he/she "partied/socialized"? (If you think the typical student at your school does not drink alcohol, enter 00. If less than 10, enter 01, 02, 03, etc.)

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22. In the past year, how often have you done the following for money?

	Never	1-2 times/ year	3-6 times/ year	Monthly	Weekly	3 or more times/ week
a. Played cards at home	A	B	C	D	E	F
b. Gambled at a casino	A	B	C	D	E	F
c. Gambled on-line	A	B	C	D	E	F
d. Gambled at informal locations (e.g., street corners, gambling houses)	A	B	C	D	E	F
e. Bet on fantasy football/basketball	A	B	C	D	E	F
f. Betting pools (e.g., March Madness)	A	B	C	D	E	F
g. Lottery	A	B	C	D	E	F
h. Placed bet with bookie	A	B	C	D	E	F

23. In the past year, if you gambled in ways other than online or playing the lottery, where did you most frequently gamble?

- A. I did not gamble in the past year
- B. I only gambled online or playing the lottery
- C. Apartment or house
- D. Residence hall
- E. Fraternity or sorority
- F. Other campus housing
- G. Casino
- H. Other

24. What consequences have you experienced due to your gambling?

	I do not gamble	None	Occa- sionally	Frequently
a. Academic problems (missed class, did poorly on exam, lower grades)	A	B	C	D
b. Issues with legal system	A	B	C	D
c. Financial issues	A	B	C	D
d. Felt bad about gambling	A	B	C	D
e. Poor physical health (sleep issues, depression, poor nutrition, poor hygiene)	A	B	C	D
f. Issues with friends and family (lied, strained relationships, arguments)	A	B	C	D

25. Thinking about your mental health, which includes stress, depression, and problems with emotions, for how many days during the past 30 days was your mental health not good?
(E.g., 00, 01, 02, 03, etc.)

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__ Don't know / Not sure

26. On how many days in the past 2 weeks have you had thoughts that you would be better off dead or of hurting yourself in some way? (E.g., 00, 01, 02, 03, etc.)

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27. Gender:

- M. Male
- F. Female

28. Do you consider yourself to be ...

- A. Heterosexual or straight
- B. Homosexual, gay, or lesbian
- C. Bisexual
- D. Other
- E. Don't Know/Not Sure/Questioning

29. Ethnicity:

- A. Hispanic
- B. Non-Hispanic

30. Race: (Mark one only.)

- A. White
- B. Black/African American
- C. Asian
- D. Native American/Alaskan Native
- E. Hawaiian/Pacific Islander
- F. More than one race
- G. Other

31. Marital status:

- A. Single, never married
- B. Single, living with partner
- C. Married
- D. Separated
- E. Divorced
- F. Widowed

32. Student status:

- A. Full-time
- B. Part-time

33. Classification:

- A. Freshman/First year
- B. Sophomore/Second year
- C. Junior
- D. Senior
- E. Grad/professional
- F. Not seeking a degree
- G. Other

34. Current residence as a student:

- A. On-campus
- B. Off-campus

35. Where do you live?

- A. House/apartment/etc.
- B. Residence hall
- C. Fraternity or sorority
- D. Other campus housing
- E. Other

36. With whom do you live? (Mark all that apply)

- A. Alone
- B. With roommate(s)
- C. With parent(s)
- D. With spouse
- E. With children
- F. Other

37. Are you employed?

- A. Yes, full-time
- B. Yes, part-time
- C. No

38. Have you ever served on active duty in the United States Armed Forces, either in the regular military or in a National Guard or military reserve unit? Active duty does not include training for the Reserves or National Guard, but DOES include activation, for example, for the Persian Gulf War.

- A. Yes
- B. No

Results of the Indiana College Substance Use Survey 2014

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